WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

ENROLLED

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 534

By Senators Trump, Takubo, and Maroney

[Passed March 11, 2023; in effect 90 days from

passage]

1 AN ACT to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated §8-12-26 and §8-12-27; to amend and reenact §11-16-3, §11-16-6, 2 §11-16-6a, §11-16-6d, §11-16-6f, §11-16-8, §11-16-9 of said code; to amend and reenact 3 4 §60-3A-3a, and §60-3A-8 of said code; to amend and reenact §60-4-3a and §60-4-3b of 5 said code; to amend and reenact §60-7-2, §60-7-2a, §60-7-6, and §60-7-8a of said code; 6 to amend said code by adding thereto a new section designated §60-7-8g; to amend said 7 code by adding thereto a new section, designated §60-8-6g; to amend and reenact §60-8 8A-5 of said code; and to amend and reenact §61-8-27 of said code; all relating to 9 nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, hard cider, wine, and liquor license 10 requirements; defining terms; authorizing municipalities to create private outdoor 11 designated areas by ordnances; creating special permit for Class A licensees who apply to 12 be qualified permit holders to operate in private outdoor designated areas, setting forth 13 requirements, and setting fees; providing municipalities may not impose additional license 14 fees on any state licensee; promoting tourism in the state by permitting authorized brewers, resident brewers, wineries, farm wineries, distilleries, mini-distilleries, and micro-15 16 distilleries a limited off-site retail privilege for off-premises consumption sales for nonintoxicating beer manufactured by them and permitting limited complimentary samples 17 18 at private fair and festivals; providing requirements for the conduct of the sales at private 19 fairs and festivals; requiring payment of taxes, fees and markups, and no license fee; 20 clarifying the nonintoxicating beer growler requirements for contents and sealing; allowing 21 brewer and resident brewer to have additional places of manufacture under one license 22 and based on manufacturing volume capacity; reducing fees and limiting additional places 23 of manufacture under one license; forbidding the commissioner from considering licenses 24 in other state as a criterion when evaluating applications for licensure in this state; 25 providing that any applicant for licensure in this state must meet all requirements, must be 26 in good standing in all other states and must never had a license revoked in any other state

27 in which it is licensed; providing, that persons licensed as resident brewers in this state are 28 limited to producing 25.000 barrels of non-intoxicating beer and limited to self-distribution 29 rights of 10.000 barrels of non-intoxicating beer; providing that such production and 30 distribution limits shall apply, in the aggregate, whether produced in another state or West 31 Virginia, as to all non-intoxicating beer produced by a person licensed as a resident brewer 32 in West Virginia; providing a licensed brewer or resident brewer may enter into contract 33 brewing services agreements with another licensed brewer or resident brewer with its principal place of business and manufacture located in the State of West Virginia for 34 35 purposes of sharing brewing equipment or facilities as part of the manufacture of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer; requiring any such contract brewing 36 37 services agreement shall be provided to the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage and Control 38 Administration and contain enumerated terms and conditions: removing limit on 39 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer which may be included with an order, 40 sale or delivery of multiple meals; allowing commissioner to refuse a license if applicant or 41 manager is not a suitable applicant; increasing number and size of liguor samples that are 42 permitted; requiring manager to be suitable applicant and of good moral character; 43 reducing and modifying food inventory required for private cigar shop, private club bars, 44 private food truck, private manufacturer club, private hotel, private resort hotel, private 45 farmers market in a private club restaurant, private multi-sport complex, and private food 46 court; allowing a private manufacturer club to have operating food truck or other portable 47 kitchen in lieu of on-premises food preparation facilities; removing acreage requirement for 48 private wedding venue or barn license; clarifying nonintoxicating beer license 49 requirements for persons, fairs and festivals; clarifying retail liquor outlet license 50 requirements for applicants; clarifying that the statute applying to distilleries and mini-51 distilleries also applies to micro-distilleries; clarifying manufacturing limitations on 52 distilleries, mini-distilleries, and micro distilleries; permitting dually licensed events, and a

53 license fee; creating a private coliseum or center license and specifying license 54 requirements; authorizing private coliseum or center license to conduct a temporary event in conjunction with a private fair and festival licensee and setting forth requirements; 55 56 setting fees; creating a private food court license and specifying license requirements; 57 clarifying dual licensing requirements and authorization for private fair and festivals, requirements, and no license fee; permitting private fairs and festivals to conduct on-58 59 premises consumption sales with certain requirements; permitting private fairs and festivals to allow authorized brewers, resident brewers, wineries, farm wineries, distilleries, 60 61 mini-distilleries, and micro-distilleries to conduct limited off-premises consumption retail 62 sales with certain requirements from the private fair and festival's licensed premises; 63 permitting a private wine restaurant to operate a separately licensed but connected wine 64 specialty shop; clarifying unlawful admission to dance hall; and exempting permit holder 65 operating a private outdoor designated area, private coliseum or center licensee, or private 66 food court from prohibition on admitting persons under the age of 18.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 12. GENERAL AND SPECIFIC POWERS, DUTIES AND ALLIED RELATIONS OF MUNICIPALITIES, GOVERNING BODIES AND MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES; SUITS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.

§8-12-26. Authorizing municipalities to create private outdoor designated areas.

(a) In addition to all other powers and duties conferred by law upon municipalities,
 municipalities are empowered and authorized pass an ordinance establishing private outdoor
 designated areas as described in §60-7-8g of this code.

4 (b) The municipality shall include in the ordinance, at a minimum, all of the following:

5 (1) Requirements for the purpose of ensuring compliance with all state and municipal laws,

6 and public health and safety within a private outdoor designated area;

7 (2) The proposed outdoor designated area or proposed licensed premises shall be
8 indicated on a submitted map or survey in sufficient detail to identify the boundaries of the area,
9 subject to the limitations in subsection (b) of this section;

(3) A general statement of the nature and types of qualified permit holders that may
operate within the proposed outdoor designated area;

(4) That certain public property that is legally demarcated by the ordinance is within the
proposed private outdoor designated area and such area is in compliance with the comprehensive
plan or zoning ordinances of the municipality, if the municipality has so adopted, for the
consumption of liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer and nonintoxicating craft beer;

16 (5) The specific boundaries of the private outdoor designated area, including street17 addresses;

18 (6) The number, spacing, and type of signage designating the private outdoor designated19 area;

(7) The days and hours of operation for the private outdoor designated area which may not
be greater than, authorized by §11-16-1 *et seq*. and chapter 60 of this code, but may be less than;

(8) The estimated number of personnel needed to ensure public safety and efficient
 operations in the private outdoor designated area;

(9) A sanitation plan that will help maintain the appearance and public health of the private
outdoor designated area, including the number of restrooms and trash receptacles.

(10) A requirement that liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer, and nonintoxicating craft beer be
served in non-glass containers, not greater than 18 fluid ounces, approved by the municipality and
the commissioner as set forth in §60-7-8g of this code; and

(11) Public health and safety measures, and requirements to meet compliance with current
 health permitting and zoning requirements.

31

(c) The municipality shall provide to the commissioner notice of the approval of the private

outdoor designated area and identify the qualified permit holders that will be applying for permits
set forth in §60-7-8g of this code.

(d) The municipality shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with its ordinances and
compliance with all criminal laws associated with the operation of a private outdoor designated
area. The municipality shall provide the commissioner copies of all non-compliance and violations.
The commissioner shall ensure all qualified permit holders operate in accordance with
requirements set forth in §11-16-1 *et seq*. and chapter 60 of this code.

(e) The municipality shall have the authority to dissolve a private outdoor designated area
by ordinance and further may suspend a private outdoor designated area immediately when in the
interest of public safety.

§8-12-27. Prohibiting municipalities from imposing additional alcohol licensure fees.

Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, any person licensed under §11 16-1 *et seq.* of this code, shall not be charged any additional alcohol licensure fee by a
 municipality.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 16. NONINTOXICATING BEER.

§11-16-3. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article, except where the context clearly requires differently:

(1) "Brand" means a nonintoxicating beer product manufactured, brewed, mixed,
concocted, blended, bottled, or otherwise produced, imported, or transshipped by a brewer or
manufacturer, the labels of which have been registered and approved by the commissioner, that is
being offered for sale or sold in West Virginia by a distributor who has been appointed in a valid
franchise agreement or a valid amendment thereto.

7 (2) "Brewer" or "manufacturer" means any person manufacturing, otherwise producing,
8 importing, or transshipping nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer for sale at wholesale

9 to any licensed distributor. Brewer or manufacturer may be used interchangeably throughout this
10 article. A brewer may obtain only one brewer's license for its nonintoxicating beer or
11 nonintoxicating craft beer.

(3) "Brewpub" means a place of manufacture of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating
craft beer owned by a resident brewer, subject to federal and state regulations and rules, a portion
of which premises is designated for retail sales of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft
beer by the resident brewer owning the brewpub.

(4) "Class A retail license" means a retail license permitting the retail sale of liquor at a
 freestanding liquor retail outlet, licensed pursuant to §60-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(5) "Class B retail license" means a retail license permitting the retail sale of liquor at a
 mixed retail liquor outlet licensed pursuant to §60-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.

20 (6) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Administration
21 Commissioner.

22 (7) "Distributor" means and includes any person jobbing or distributing nonintoxicating 23 beer or nonintoxicating craft beer to retailers at wholesale and whose warehouse and chief place 24 of business is within this state. For purposes of a distributor only, the term "person" means and 25 includes an individual, firm, trust, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, 26 association, or corporation. Any trust licensed as a distributor or any trust that is an owner of a 27 distributor licensee, and the trustee or other persons in active control of the activities of the trust 28 relating to the distributor license, is liable for acts of the trust or its beneficiaries relating to the 29 distributor license that are unlawful acts or violations of §11-16-1 et seq. of this code 30 notwithstanding the liability of trustees in §44D-10-1 et seq. of this code.

(8) "Franchise agreement" means the written agreement between a brewer and a
distributor that is identical as to terms and conditions between the brewer and all its distributors,
which has been approved by the commissioner. The franchise agreement binds the parties so that
a distributor, appointed by a brewer, may distribute all the brewer's nonintoxicating beer products,

35 brands, or family of brands imported and offered for sale in West Virginia, including, but not limited to, existing brands, line extensions, and new brands all in the brewer's assigned territory for the 36 37 distributor. All brands and line extensions being imported or offered for sale in West Virginia must 38 be listed by the brewer in the franchise agreement or a written amendment to the franchise 39 agreement. A franchise agreement may be amended by mutual written agreement of the parties 40 as approved by the commissioner with identical terms and conditions for a brewer and all its 41 distributors. Any approved amendment to the franchise agreement becomes a part of the 42 franchise agreement. A brewer and a distributor may mutually agree in writing to cancel a 43 franchise agreement. A distributor terminated by a brewer as provided in this article and the 44 promulgated rules no longer has a valid franchise agreement. If a brewer has reached an 45 agreement to cancel a distributor or has terminated a distributor, then a brewer may appoint a 46 successor distributor who accedes to all the rights of the cancelled or terminated distributor.

47 (9) "Franchise distributor network" means the distributors who have entered into a binding 48 written franchise agreement, identical as to terms and conditions, to distribute nonintoxicating 49 beer products, brands, and line extensions in an assigned territory for a brewer. A brewer may only 50 have one franchise distributor network: Provided, That a brewer that has acquired the manufacturing, bottling, or other production rights for the sale of nonintoxicating beer at wholesale 51 52 from a selling brewer, as specified in §11-16-21(a)(2) of this code, shall continue to maintain and 53 be bound by the selling brewer's separate franchise distributor's network for any of its existing 54 brands, line extensions, and new brands.

(10) "Freestanding liquor retail outlet" means a retail outlet that sells only liquor, wine, beer,
nonintoxicating beer, and other alcohol-related products, as defined pursuant to §60-3A-4 of this
code.

(11) "Growler" means a container or jug that is made of glass, ceramic, metal, or other
material approved by the commissioner, that may be no larger than 128 fluid ounces in size and
must be capable of being securely sealed. The growler is used by an authorized licensee for

61 purposes of off-premise sales only of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer for 62 personal consumption not on a licensed premise and not for resale. The nonintoxicating beer or 63 nonintoxicating craft beer served and sold in a sealed growler may include ice or water mixed with 64 the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer to create a frozen nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer beverage. Any frozen nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer 65 66 beverage machine used for filling growlers shall be sanitized daily, shall be under the control of the 67 licensee in the secure area, and served to the patron by the licensee from the secure area. 68 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, a securely sealed growler is not 69 an open container under federal, state, and local law. A growler with a broken seal is an open 70 container under federal, state, and local law unless it is located in an area of the motor vehicle 71 physically separated from the passenger compartment. The secure sealing of a growler requires 72 the use of a tamper-evident seal, security tape, or other material, as approved by the 73 commissioner, placed on or over the growler's opening, which seal, security tape or other material 74 is clearly marked with the date of the secure sealing by the authorized licensee who is selling the 75 growler.

76 (12) "Line extension" means any nonintoxicating beer product that is an extension of a 77 brand or family of brands that is labeled, branded, advertised, marketed, promoted, or offered for 78 sale with the intent or purpose of being manufactured, imported, associated, contracted, affiliated, 79 or otherwise related to a brewer's existing brand through the use of a brewer, its subsidiaries, 80 parent entities, contracted entities, affiliated entities, or other related entities. In determining 81 whether a nonintoxicating beer product is a line extension, the commissioner may consider, but is 82 not limited to, the following factors: Name or partial name; trade name or partial trade name; logos; 83 copyrights; trademarks or trade design; product codes; advertising promotion; or pricing.

84 (13) "Manager" means an individual who is the applicant's or licensee's on-premises
85 employee, member, partner, shareholder, director, or officer who meets the licensure
86 requirements of §11-16-1 *et seq.* of this code and rules promulgated thereunder who actively

87 manages, conducts, and carries on the day-to-day operations of the applicant or licensee with full 88 and apparent authority or actual authority to act on behalf of the applicant or licensee. Duties 89 include but are not limited to: Coordinating staffing; reviewing and approving payroll; ordering and 90 paying for inventory, such as nonintoxicating beer, wine, and liquor, as applicable; and managing 91 security staff, security systems, video, and other security equipment; and any further acts or 92 actions involved in managing the affairs of the business, on behalf of owners, partners, members, 93 shareholders, officers, or directors.

94 (14) "Nonintoxicating beer" means all natural cereal malt beverages or products of the 95 brewing industry commonly referred to as beer, lager beer, ale, and all other mixtures and 96 preparations produced by the brewing industry, including malt coolers and nonintoxicating craft 97 beers with no caffeine infusion or any additives masking or altering the alcohol effect containing at 98 least one half of one percent alcohol by volume, but not more than 11.9 percent of alcohol by 99 weight, or 15 percent alcohol by volume, whichever is greater. The word "liguor", as used in §60-1-100 1 et seq. of this code, does not include or embrace nonintoxicating beer nor any of the beverages, 101 products, mixtures, or preparations included within this definition.

102 (15) "Nonintoxicating beer floor plan extension" means a temporary one-day extension of 103 an existing Class A licensee's floor plan to a contiguous, adjoining, and bounded area, such as a 104 parking lot or outdoor area, which shall for the temporary period encompass the licensee's 105 licensed premises; further the license shall be endorsed or approved by the county or municipality 106 where the license is located; the license shall be in good standing with the commissioner, and 107 further the temporary event shall cease on or before midnight of the approved temporary one-day 108 event.

(16) "Nonintoxicating beer sampling event" means an event approved by the
commissioner for a Class A retail licensee to hold a nonintoxicating beer sampling authorized
pursuant to §11-16-11a of this code.

112

(17) "Nonintoxicating beer sampling day" means any days and hours of the week where

Class A retail licensees may sell nonintoxicating beer, pursuant to §11-16-11a and §11-16-18(a)(1)
of this code, and who are approved, in writing, by the commissioner to conduct a nonintoxicating
beer sampling event.

(18) "Nonintoxicating craft beer" means any beverage obtained by the natural fermentation
of barley, malt, hops, or any other similar product or substitute and containing not less than one
half of one percent by volume and not more than 15 percent alcohol by volume or 11.9 percent
alcohol by weight with no caffeine infusion or any additives masking or altering the alcohol effect.
(19) "Original container" means the container used by a resident brewer or brewer at the
place of manufacturing, bottling, or otherwise producing nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating
craft beer for sale at wholesale.

(20) "Person" means and includes an individual, firm, partnership, limited partnership,
limited liability company, association, or corporation.

125 (21) "Private club" means a license issued pursuant to §60-7-1 *et seq*. of this code.

(22) "Resident brewer" means any brewer or manufacturer of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer whose principal place of business and manufacture is located in the State of West Virginia; which may also have multiple manufacturing locations located in West Virginia as set forth in §11-16-9 of the code; and which does not brew or manufacture more than 25,000 barrels of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer annually at all manufacturing locations in the aggregate and does not self-distribute more than 10,000 barrels thereof in the State of West Virginia annually from all manufacturing locations in the aggregate.

(23) "Retailer" means any person selling, serving, or otherwise dispensing nonintoxicating
beer and all products regulated by this article, including, but not limited to, malt coolers at his or her
established and licensed place of business.

(24) "Tax Commissioner" means the Tax Commissioner of the State of West Virginia or the
 commissioner's designee.

§11-16-6. License in one capacity only; no connection between different licensees; when brewer may act as distributor; credit and rebates proscribed; brewer, resident brewer, and brewpub requirements.

1 (a) A person shall not be licensed in more than one capacity under the terms of this article, 2 and there shall be no connection whatsoever between any retailer, distributor, resident brewer, or 3 brewer, and a person shall be interested, directly or indirectly, through the ownership of corporate 4 stock, membership in a partnership, or in any other way in the business of a retailer, if the person is 5 at the same time interested in the business of a brewer, resident brewer or distributor. A resident 6 brewer may act as distributor in a limited capacity for his or her own product from the resident 7 brewery or place of manufacture or bottling, but a resident brewer, is not permitted to act as a 8 distributor as defined in §11-16-3 of this code: Provided, That nothing in this article may prevent a 9 resident brewer from using the services of licensed distributors as specified in this article. A 10 resident brewer or distributor may sell to a patron for personal use and not for resale, quantities of 11 draught beer in original containers that are no larger in size than one-half barrel for off-premises 12 consumption. A resident brewer who also has a brewpub license may sell nonintoxicating beer or 13 nonintoxicating craft beer produced by the resident brewer in cans, bottles, or sealed growlers, 14 pursuant to §11-16-6b of this code, for personal consumption off of the brewpub's licensed 15 premises and not for resale.

16 In order to promote the state's hospitality and tourism industry, as well as promoting 17 economic development within the state by supporting the development of local breweries, 18 including the application for licensure of brewery owners seeking licensure as a resident brewer in 19 this state while licensed in other states, the commissioner may not consider licensure in such other 20 states as a limiting factor or as the basis of licensure denial when evaluating applications for 21 licensure as a resident brewer in this state. Any applicant seeking licensure as a resident brewer in 22 this state (1) must meet all requirements for licensure as a resident brewer in this state, (2) must be 23 in good standing in all other jurisdictions wherein the applicant is licensed as a brewer or resident

brewer as such terms are defined in the licensing jurisdiction and, (3) must never have had a license revoked in any other state; *Provided*, that persons licensed as resident brewers in this state are limited to producing 25,000 barrels of non-intoxicating beer and limited to self-distribution rights of 10,000 barrels of non-intoxicating beer, and such production and distribution limits shall apply, in the aggregate, whether produced in another state or West Virginia, as to all nonintoxicating beer produced by a person licensed as a resident brewer in West Virginia.

(b) It is unlawful for any brewer, resident brewer, manufacturer, or distributor to assist any
retailer or for any retailer to accept assistance from any brewer, manufacturer, or distributor,
accept any gifts, loans, forebearance of money or property of any kind, nature, or description, or
other thing of value, or give any rebates or discounts of any kind whatsoever, except as permitted
by rule, or order promulgated by the commissioner in accordance with this article.

35 (c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a brewpub may offer for retail
36 sale nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer so long as the sale of the nonintoxicating
37 beer or nonintoxicating craft beer is limited to the brewpub's licensed premises, except as
38 provided in §11-16-6b of this code.

(d) A brewer or resident brewer licensed under this section may also be licensed under
§60-4-1 *et seq.* of this code: *Provided*, That the holder of the license meets all the requirements for
the additional licenses required by the commissioner and pays all fees related to the license: *Provided, however*, That the licensee maintains all the rights and privileges associated with the
license.

§11-16-6a. Brewer and resident brewer license to manufacture, sell, and provide complimentary samples.

(a) Legislative findings. — The Legislature hereby finds that it is in the public interest to
 regulate, control, and support the brewing, manufacturing, distribution, sale, consumption,
 transportation, and storage of nonintoxicating beer and nonintoxicating craft beer and its industry
 in this state in order to protect the public health, welfare, and safety of the citizens of this state, and

5 promote hospitality and tourism. Therefore, this section authorizes a licensed brewer or resident 6 brewer with its principal place of business and manufacture located in this state to have certain 7 abilities in order to promote the sale of nonintoxicating beer and nonintoxicating craft beer 8 manufactured in this state for the benefit of the citizens of this state, the state's growing brewing 9 industry, and the state's hospitality and tourism industry, all of which are vital components for the 10 state's economy.

11 (b) Sales of nonintoxicating beer. — A licensed brewer or resident brewer with its principal 12 place of business and manufacture located in the State of West Virginia may offer only 13 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer manufactured by the licensed brewer or resident 14 brewer for retail sale to customers from the brewer's or resident brewer's licensed premises for 15 consumption off of the licensed premises only in the form of kegs, bottles, cans, or growlers for 16 personal consumption and not for resale. A licensed brewer or resident brewer may not sell, give, 17 or furnish nonintoxicating beer for consumption on the premises of the principal place of business 18 and manufacture located in the State of West Virginia, except for the limited purpose of 19 complimentary samples as permitted in subsection (c) of this section.

(c) Complimentary samples. — A licensed brewer or resident brewer with its principal 20 21 place of business and manufacture located in the State of West Virginia may only offer 22 complimentary samples of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer brewed at the 23 brewer's or resident brewer's principal place of business and manufacture located in the State of 24 West Virginia. The complimentary samples may be no greater than two ounces per sample per 25 patron, and a sampling shall not exceed 10 complimentary two-ounce samples per patron per day. 26 A licensed brewer or resident brewer providing complimentary samples shall provide 27 complimentary food items to the patron consuming the complimentary samples; and prior to any 28 sampling, verify, using proper identification, that the patron sampling is 21 years of age or over and 29 that the patron is not visibly intoxicated.

30

(d) Retail sales. — Every licensed brewer or resident brewer under this section shall

31 comply with all the provisions of this article as applicable to nonintoxicating beer retailers when conducting sales of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer and shall be subject to all 32 33 applicable requirements and penalties in this article. In the interest of promoting tourism 34 throughout the state, every licensed brewer or resident brewer manufacturing nonintoxicating beer 35 or nonintoxicating craft beer in this state is authorized, with a limited off-site retail privilege at 36 private fair and festivals, for off-premises consumption sales of only the brewer or resident 37 brewer's sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer. At least five days prior to an approved private fair and festival, an authorized brewer or resident brewer shall provide a copy of 38 39 a written agreement to sell only nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer manufactured by 40 the brewer or resident brewer at the private fair and festival's licensed premises. If approved, an 41 authorized brewer or resident brewer may conduct off-premises consumption sales of their 42 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer from a designated booth at the private fair and 43 festival as set forth in §60-7-8a of this code. All authorized and approved brewers or resident 44 brewers conducting the off-premises consumption sales shall comply with all retail requirements in 45 §11-16-1 et seq. of this code, and specifically with respect to all markups, taxes, and fees. 46 Additionally, an authorized brewer or resident brewer may provide complimentary samples to patrons who are 21 years of age or over and who are not intoxicated in the amounts set forth in 47 48 subsection (c).

(e) *Payment of taxes and fees.* — A licensed brewer or resident brewer under this section
shall pay all taxes and fees required of licensed nonintoxicating beer retailers, in addition to any
other taxes and fees required, and meet applicable licensing provisions as required by this chapter
and by rule of the commissioner.

(f) Advertising. — A licensed brewer or resident brewer under this section may advertise a particular brand or brands of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer produced by the licensed brewer or resident brewer and the price of the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer subject to state and federal requirements or restrictions. The advertisement may not

57 encourage intemperance.

58 (g) Growler requirements. — A licensed brewer or resident brewer under this section shall 59 fill a growler and patrons are not permitted to access the secure area or fill a growler. A licensed 60 brewer or resident brewer under this section shall sanitize, fill, securely seal, and label any growler 61 prior to its sale. A licensed brewer or resident brewer under this section may only offer for retail 62 sale growlers no larger than 128 fluid ounces of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer 63 manufactured by the licensed brewer or resident brewer for personal consumption off of the licensed premises and not for resale. A licensed brewer or resident brewer under this section may 64 65 refill a growler subject to the requirements of this section. A licensed brewer or resident brewer shall visually inspect any growler before filling or refilling it. A licensed brewer or resident brewer 66 67 may not fill or refill any growler that appears to be cracked, broken, unsafe, or otherwise unfit to 68 serve as a sealed beverage container.

(h) *Growler labeling.* — A licensed brewer or resident brewer under this section selling growlers shall affix a conspicuous label on all sold and securely sealed growlers listing the name of the licensee selling the growler, the brand of the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer in the growler, the alcohol content by volume of the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer in the growler, and the date the growler was filled or refilled, and, further, all labeling on the growler shall be consistent with all federal labeling and warning requirements.

(i) *Growler sanitation.* — A licensed brewer or resident brewer authorized under this
section shall clean and sanitize all growlers he or she fills or refills in accordance with all state and
county health requirements prior to its sealing. In addition, the licensed brewer or resident brewer
shall sanitize, in accordance with all state and county health requirements, all taps, tap lines,
pipelines, barrel tubes, and any other related equipment used to fill or refill growlers. Failure to
comply with this subsection may result in penalties under §11-16-23 of this code.

(j) *Fee.* — There is no additional fee for a licensed brewer or resident brewer authorized
under this section to sell growlers.

83 (k) Limitations on licensees. — To be authorized under this section, a licensed brewer or resident brewer may not produce more than 25,000 barrels per calendar year at the brewer's or 84 85 resident brewer's principal place of business and manufacture located in the State of West 86 Virginia. No more than one brewer or resident brewer license may be issued to a single person or 87 entity and no person may hold both a brewer and a resident brewer license. A licensed brewer or 88 resident brewer under this section may only conduct tours, give complimentary samples, and sell 89 growlers during the hours of operation set forth in §11-16-18(a)(1) of this code. A licensed brewer 90 or resident brewer authorized under this section shall be subject to the applicable penalties under 91 §11-16-23 of this code for violations of this section.

92 (I) (1) *Contract Brewing Services Agreements*. - A licensed brewer or resident brewer
93 may enter into contract brewing services agreements with another licensed brewer or resident
94 brewer with its principal place of business and manufacture located in the State of West Virginia
95 for purposes of sharing brewing equipment or facilities as part of the manufacture of
96 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer. Any such contract brewing services
97 agreement shall be provided to the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage and Control Administration
98 and set forth the following terms and conditions:

99 (A) The licensed brewer or resident brewer serving as the brewer of record and retaining
100 ownership, rights, title, and interest in the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer
101 recipe and brand;

102 (B) The licensed brewer or resident brewer who will be responsible for executing any103 brew of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer;

104 (C) The location of the facilities to be utilized for the manufacture of the nonintoxicating
105 beer or nonintoxicating craft beer;

(D) Specifications regarding the packaging of all nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating
 craft beer manufactured under the contract brewing services agreement; and

(E) The manner of payment of any and all federal and state excise taxes associated withthe manufactured nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer.

(2) The licensed brewer or resident brewer serving as the brewer of record is responsible for the transportation of the finished and packaged product to their licensed facility, where it must come to rest and be tax determined. Any nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer manufactured pursuant to a contract brewing services agreement shall be credited to the specified brewer of record for purposes of the barrel limitations set forth in §11-16-6a(k) of this code, and not the licensed brewer or resident brewer responsible for executing any brew on behalf of the brewer of record.

(m) *Rules.* — The commissioner, in consultation with the Bureau for Public Health
concerning sanitation, may propose rules for legislative approval, pursuant to §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of
this code, to implement this section.

§11-16-6d. Nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license for a licensed Class A retail dealer or a third-party; requirements; limitations; third-party license fee; retail transportation permit; and requirements.

120 (a) A Class A retail dealer who is licensed to sell nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer may apply for a nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license 121 122 permitting the order, sale, and delivery of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer in a 123 sealed original container of bottles or cans, and sealed growlers, when separately licensed for 124 growler sales. The order, sale, and delivery of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer is 125 permitted for off-premises consumption when completed by the licensee or the licensee's 126 employees to a person purchasing the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer by 127 telephone, a mobile ordering application, or a web-based software program, as authorized by the 128 licensee's license. There is no additional fee for licensed Class A retail dealers to obtain a 129 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license. The order, sale, and delivery 130 process shall meet the requirements of this section. The order, sale, and delivery process is

131 subject to the penalties of this article.

132 (b) A third party, not licensed for nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer sales or 133 distribution, may apply for a nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license for 134 the privilege and convenience to offer ordering and delivery services of nonintoxicating beer or 135 nonintoxicating craft beer in the sealed original container of bottles or cans, and sealed growlers, 136 from a licensee with a growler license. The order, sale, and delivery of nonintoxicating beer or 137 nonintoxicating craft beer is permitted for off-premises consumption when the Class A retail dealer 138 sells to a person purchasing the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer through 139 telephone orders, a mobile ordering application, or a web-based software program. The annual 140 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license fee is \$200 per third-party entity. 141 with no limit on the number of drivers and vehicles. The delivery license fee under this subsection 142 may not be prorated nor refunded.

(c) The nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license application shall
 comply with licensure requirements in §11-16-8 of this code, and shall require any information set
 forth in this article and as reasonably required by the commissioner.

146 (d) Sale Requirements. —

(1) The nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer purchase shall accompany the
purchase of prepared food, or a meal and the completion of the sale may be accomplished by the
delivery of the prepared food or meal and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer by the
Class A retail dealer or third-party licensee;

(2) Any person purchasing nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer shall be 21
years of age or older, may not be visibly or noticeably intoxicated at the time of delivery, and shall
meet the requirements set forth in this article for the sale of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating
craft beer;

(3) "Prepared food or a meal" shall, for purposes of this article, mean food that has been
cooked, grilled, fried, deep-fried, air-fried, smoked, boiled, broiled, twice baked, blanched,

157 sautéed, or in any other manner freshly made and prepared, and does not include pre-packaged158 food from the manufacturer;

159 (4) A third-party delivery licensee may not have a pecuniary interest in a Class A retail 160 dealer, as set forth in this article, therefore a third-party delivery licensee may only charge a 161 convenience fee for the delivery of any nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer. The 162 third-party licensee may not collect a percentage of the delivery order for the delivery of alcohol, 163 but may continue to collect a percentage of the delivery order directly related to the prepared food 164 or a meal. The convenience fee charged by the third-party delivery licensee to the person 165 purchasing may not be greater than \$20 per delivery order where nonintoxicating beer or 166 nonintoxicating craft beer are ordered by the purchasing person. For any third-party licensee also 167 licensed for wine growler delivery as set forth in §60-8-6c of this code, or craft cocktail growler 168 delivery as set forth in §60-7-8f of this code, the total convenience fee of any order, sale, and 169 delivery of a sealed growler, wine growler, or craft cocktail growler may not exceed \$5.

170 (e) Delivery Requirements. —

(1) Delivery persons employed for the delivery of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating
craft beer shall be 21 years of age or older. The licensed Class A retail dealer and the third-party
delivery licensee shall file each delivery person's name, driver's license, and vehicle information
with the commissioner;

(2) A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee shall train delivery persons on
verifying legal identification and in identifying the signs of intoxication and shall submit certification
of the training to the commissioner;

(3) The Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee shall hold a retail transportation
permit for each delivery vehicle delivering sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer
pursuant to §11-16-6d(g) of this code: *Provided*, That a delivery driver may retain an electronic
copy of his or her permit;

182

(4) A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee may only deliver prepared food or

a meal, and sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer orders in the county or
contiguous counties where the Class A retail dealer is located;

(5) A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee may only deliver prepared food or
a meal, and sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer to addresses located in West
Virginia. A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee shall pay and account for all sales
and municipal taxes;

(6) A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee may not deliver prepared food or
a meal, and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer to any other Class A licensee;

(7) A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee may only deliver prepared food or
a meal, and sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer for personal use, and not for
resale; and

(8) A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee may not deliver and leave
prepared food or a meal, and sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer at any
address without verifying a person's age and identification as required by this section.

197 (f) Telephone, mobile ordering application, or web-based software requirements. —

(1) The delivery person may only permit the person who placed the order through a
 telephone, mobile ordering application, or web-based software to accept the prepared food or a
 meal, and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery which is subject to age
 verification upon delivery with the delivery person's visual review and age verification;

(2) Any mobile ordering application or web-based software used shall create a stored
record and image of the purchasing person's legal identification and details of the sale, accessible
by the delivery person for verification, and shall include the delivery driver's name and vehicle
information and delivery shall be subject to legal identification verification;

(3) Any telephone ordering system shall maintain a log or record of the purchasing
 person's legal identification and details of the sale, accessible by the delivery person for
 verification, and shall include the delivery driver's name and vehicle information and delivery shall

209 be subject to legal identification verification;

(4) All records are subject to inspection by the commissioner. A Class A retail dealer or
third-party delivery licensee shall retain all records for three years, and may not unreasonably
withhold the records from the commissioner's inspection; and

(5) Each vehicle delivering nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer shall be
issued a retail transportation permit per §11-16-6d(g) of this code.

215 (g) Retail Transportation Permit. —

(1) A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee shall obtain and maintain a retail
 transportation permit for the delivery of prepared food and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating
 craft beer.

(2) A Class A retail dealer or a third-party licensee shall apply for a permit and provide
 vehicle and driver information, as required by the commissioner. Upon any change in vehicles or
 drivers, the Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee shall update the vehicle and driver
 information with the commissioner within 10 days of the change.

223 (h) Enforcement. —

(1) A Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee is responsible for any violations
 committed by their employees or independent contractors under this article, and more than one
 violation may be issued for a single violation involving multiple Class A retail dealers or licensees,
 employees, or independent contractors.

(2) A license or permit granted by this section is subject to the penalties of probation,
 monetary fines, suspension, and revocation, as set forth in this article, for violations committed by
 the Class A retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee, its employees, or independent
 contractors.

(3) It is a violation for any licensee, its employees, or independent contractors to break theseal of a growler subject to the maximum penalties available in this article.

234 (4) For purposes of criminal enforcement of the provisions of this article, persons ordering,

235 purchasing, or accepting delivery of orders are considered to be purchasers.

§11-16-6f. Nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license for a licensed Class B retail dealer or a third-party; requirements; limitations; third-party license fee; retail transportation permit; and requirements.

(a) A Class B retail dealer who is licensed to sell nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating 236 237 craft beer may apply for a nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license 238 permitting the order, sale, and delivery of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer in a 239 sealed original container of bottles or cans, and sealed growlers, when separately licensed for 240 growler sales. The order, sale, and delivery of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer is 241 permitted for off-premises consumption when completed by the licensee or the licensee's 242 employees to a person purchasing the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer by a 243 telephone, a mobile ordering application, or web-based software program, as authorized by the 244 licensee's license. There is no additional fee for licensed Class B retail dealers to obtain a 245 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license. The order, sale, and delivery 246 process shall meet the requirements of this section. The order, sale, and delivery process is 247 subject to the penalties of this article.

(b) A third party, not licensed for nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer sales or 248 249 distribution, may apply for a nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license for 250 the privilege and convenience to offer ordering and delivery services of nonintoxicating beer or 251 nonintoxicating craft beer in the sealed original container of bottles or cans, and sealed growlers, 252 from a licensee with a growler license. The order, sale, and delivery of nonintoxicating beer or 253 nonintoxicating craft beer is permitted for off-premises consumption when the Class B retail dealer 254 sells to a person purchasing the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer through a 255 telephone order, a mobile ordering application, or web-based software program. The 256 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery annual license fee is \$200 per third-257 party licensee, with no limit on the number of drivers and vehicles. The delivery license fee under

this subsection may not be prorated nor refunded.

(c) The nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery license application shall
 comply with licensure requirements in §11-16-8 of this code and shall require any information set
 forth in this article and as reasonably required by the commissioner.

262 (d) Sale Requirements. —

(1) The nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer purchase shall accompany the
 purchase of food and the completion of the sale may be accomplished by the delivery of food and
 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer by the licensee or third-party licensee;

(2) Any person purchasing nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer shall be 21
years of age or older, may not be visibly or noticeably intoxicated at the time of delivery, and meet
the requirements set forth in this article for the sale of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft
beer;

(3) Food, for purposes of this section, means food that has been cooked, microwaved, orthat is pre-packaged food from the manufacturer; and

272 (4) A third-party delivery licensee may not have a pecuniary interest in a Class B retail 273 dealer, as set forth in this article. A third-party delivery licensee may only charge a convenience 274 fee for the delivery of any nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer. The third-party 275 licensee may not collect a percentage of the delivery order for the delivery of nonintoxicating beer 276 or nonintoxicating craft beer, but may continue to collect a percentage of the delivery order directly 277 related to food. The convenience fee charged by the third-party delivery licensee to the purchasing 278 person may not be greater than \$20 per delivery order. For any third-party licensee also licensed 279 for wine delivery, as set forth in §60-8-6f of this code, the total convenience fee for any order, sale, 280 and delivery of sealed wine may not exceed \$20.

281 (e) Delivery Requirements. —

(1) Delivery persons employed for the delivery of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating
 craft beer shall be 21 years of age or older. A Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee shall

file each delivery person's name, driver's license, and vehicle information with the commissioner;

(2) A Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee shall train delivery persons on
 verifying legal identification and in identifying the signs of intoxication and submit the certification
 of the training to the commissioner;

(3) The Class B retail dealer or third-party delivery licensee shall hold a retail transportation
 permit for each delivery vehicle delivering sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer
 pursuant to §11-16-6f(g) of this code: *Provided*, That a delivery driver may retain an electronic
 copy of his or her permit as proof of the licensure;

(4) A Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee may deliver food and sealed
nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer orders in the county where the Class B retail
dealer is located;

(5) A Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee may only deliver food and sealed
 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer to addresses located in West Virginia. A Class B
 retail dealer and a third-party licensee shall pay and account for all sales and municipal taxes;

298 (6) A Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee may not deliver food and 299 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer to any other Class B licensee;

300 (7) Deliveries of food and sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer are only
 301 for personal use, and not for resale; and

302 (8) A Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee shall not deliver and leave food and
 303 sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer at any address without verifying a
 304 person's age and identification as required by this section.

305

(f) Telephone, mobile ordering application, or web-based software requirements. —

(1) The delivery person may only permit the person who placed the order through a
 telephone, mobile ordering application, or web-based software to accept the food and
 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer delivery. The delivery is subject to age
 verification upon delivery with the delivery person's visual review and age verification;

310 (2) Any mobile ordering application or web-based software used must create a stored
311 record and image of the purchasing person's legal identification and details of the sale, accessible
312 by the delivery person for verification, and shall include the delivery driver's name and vehicle
313 information and delivery shall be subject to legal identification verification;

314 (3) Any telephone ordering system shall maintain a log or record of the purchasing
315 person's legal identification and details of the sale, accessible by the delivery person for
316 verification, and shall include the delivery driver's name and vehicle information and delivery shall
317 be subject to legal identification verification;

(4) All records are subject to inspection by the commissioner. A Class B retail dealer and a
 third-party licensee shall retain all records for three years, and may not unreasonably withhold the
 records from the commissioner's inspection; and

(5) Each vehicle delivering nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer shall be
 issued a retail transportation permit in accordance with §11-16-6f(g) of this code.

323 (g) Retail Transportation Permit. —

324 (1) A Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee shall obtain and maintain a retail
 325 transportation permit for the delivery of food and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer.

(2) A Class B retail dealer or a third-party licensee shall apply for a permit and provide
 vehicle and driver information, required by the commissioner. Upon any change in vehicles or
 drivers, Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee shall update the vehicle and driver
 information with the commissioner within 10 days of the change.

330 (h) Enforcement. —

(1) The Class B retail dealer and a third-party licensee are responsible for any violations
committed by their employees or independent contractors under this article, and more than one
violation may be issued for a single violation involving multiple Class B retail dealers or third-party
licensees, employees, or independent contractors.

335

(2) A license or permit granted by this section is subject to the penalties of probation,

monetary fines, suspension, and revocation, as set forth in this article, for violations committed by
the Class B retail dealer or third-party licensee, their employees, or independent contractors.

(3) It is a violation for any Class B retail dealer or third-party licensee, their employees, or
independent contractors to break the seal of a growler subject to the maximum penalties available
in this article.

341 (4) For purposes of criminal enforcement of the provisions of this article, persons ordering,
 342 purchasing, or accepting delivery of orders are considered to be purchasers.

§11-16-8. Form of application for license; fee and bond; refusal of license.
(a) A license may be issued by the commissioner to any person who submits an
application, accompanied by a license fee and, where required, a bond, and states under oath:

3 (1) The name and residence of the applicant, the duration of the residency, and that the 4 applicant is 21 years of age. If the applicant is a firm, association, partnership, limited partnership, 5 limited liability company, or corporation, the application shall include the residence of the members 6 or officers. If a person, firm, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, 7 corporation, or trust applies for a license as a distributor, the person, or in the case of a firm, 8 partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, or trust, the members, 9 officers, trustees, or other persons in active control of the activities of the limited liability company, 10 association, or trust relating to the license, shall include the residency for these persons on the 11 application. All applicants and licensees shall include a manager on the applicant's license 12 application, or a licensee's renewal application, who shall meet all other requirements of licensure. 13 The applicant shall be a United States citizen or a naturalized citizen, pass a background 14 investigation, be at least 21 years of age, be a suitable applicant, and meet other requirements, all 15 as set forth in this article and the rules promulgated hereunder, all in the interest of protecting 16 public health and safety and being a suitable applicant or licensee. In order to maintain licensure, a 17 licensee shall notify the commissioner immediately of a change in managers. If the applicant is a 18 trust or has a trust as an owner, the trustees, or other persons in active control of the activities of

19 the trust relating to the license, shall provide a certification of trust as described in §44D-10-1013 20 of this code. This certification of trust shall include the excerpts described in §44D-10-1013(e) of 21 this code and shall further state, under oath, the names, addresses, Social Security numbers, and 22 birth dates of the beneficiaries of the trust and certify that the trustee and beneficiaries are 21 23 years of age or older. If a beneficiary is not 21 years of age, the certification of trust shall state that 24 the beneficiary's interest in the trust is represented by a trustee, parent, or legal guardian who is 21 25 years of age and who will direct all actions on behalf of the beneficiary related to the trust with 26 respect to the distributor until the beneficiary is 21 years of age. Any beneficiary who is not 21 27 years of age or older shall have his or her trustee, parent, or legal guardian include in the 28 certification of trust and state under oath his or her name, address, Social Security number, and 29 birth date;

30 (2) The place of birth of the applicant, that he or she is a citizen of the United States and of 31 good moral character and, if a naturalized citizen, when and where naturalized. If the applicant is a 32 corporation organized or authorized to do business under the laws of the state, the application 33 shall state when and where incorporated, the name and address of each officer, and that each 34 officer is a citizen of the United States and a person of good moral character. If the applicant is a 35 firm, association, limited liability company, partnership, limited partnership, trust, or has a trust as 36 an owner, the application shall provide the place of birth of each member of the firm, association, 37 limited liability company, partnership or limited partnership and of the trustees, beneficiaries, or 38 other persons in active control of the activities of the trust relating to the license and that each 39 member or trustee, beneficiary, or other persons in active control of the activities of the trust 40 relating to the license is a citizen of the United States, and if a naturalized citizen, when and where 41 naturalized, each of whom shall qualify and sign the application;

42 (3) The particular place for which the license is desired and a detailed description thereof;
43 (4) The name of the owner of the building and, if the owner is not the applicant, that the
44 applicant is the actual and bona fide lessee of the premises;

45 (5) That the premises or building in which the applicant proposes to do business conforms 46 to all applicable laws of health, fire, and zoning regulation; is a safe and proper place or building; 47 and is not within 200 feet of a school or church measured from front door-to-front door, along the 48 street or streets. This requirement does not apply to a Class B license or to a place occupied by a 49 beer licensee so long as it is continuously so occupied. The prohibition does not apply to a college. 50 university, or church that has notified the commissioner, in writing, that it has no objection to the 51 location of a proposed business in a place or building within 200 feet of the college, university, or 52 church;

(6) That the applicant is not incarcerated and has not, in the previous five years before
application: (A) Been convicted of a felony; (B) been convicted of a crime involving fraud,
dishonesty, or deceit; or (C) been convicted of a felony for violating alcohol-related distribution
laws;

57 (7) That the applicant is the only person in any manner pecuniarily interested in the 58 business to be licensed and that no other person is in any manner pecuniarily interested during the 59 continuance of the license; and

60 (8) That the applicant has not during five years preceding the date of the application had a61 nonintoxicating beer license revoked.

(b) In the case of an applicant that is a trust or has a trust as an owner, a distributor license may be issued only upon submission by the trustees or other persons in active control of the activities of the trust relating to the distributor license of a true and correct copy of the written trust instrument to the commissioner for his or her review. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the copy of the written trust instrument submitted to the commissioner pursuant to this section is confidential, is not a public record, and is not available for release pursuant to the West Virginia Freedom of Information Act codified in §29B-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(c) The provisions and requirements of subsection (a) of this section are mandatory
 prerequisites for the issuance of a license and, if any applicant fails to qualify, the commissioner

71 shall refuse to issue the license. In addition to the information furnished in any application, the 72 commissioner may make any additional and independent investigation of each applicant, 73 manager, and of the place to be occupied as necessary or advisable and, for this reason, all 74 applications, with license fee and bond, shall be submitted with all true and correct information. For 75 the purpose of conducting the independent investigation, the commissioner may withhold the 76 granting or refusal to grant the license for a 30-day period or until the applicant has completed the 77 conditions set forth in this section. If it appears that the applicant and manager meet the 78 requirements in the code and the rules, including, but not limited to, have not been convicted of a 79 felony in the previous five years before application, have not been convicted of a crime involving 80 fraud, dishonesty, or deceit in the previous five years before application, have not been convicted 81 of a felony for violating any alcohol-related distribution laws; have not made any false statements 82 or material misrepresentations; involving no hidden ownership; and having no persons with an 83 undisclosed pecuniary interest contained in the application; and if there are no other omissions or 84 failures by the applicant to complete the application, as determined by the commissioner, the 85 commissioner shall issue a license authorizing the applicant to sell nonintoxicating beer or 86 nonintoxicating craft beer.

87 (d) The commissioner may refuse a license to any applicant under the provisions of this88 article if the commissioner is of the opinion:

(1) That the applicant or manager has, within the previous five years before application:
(A) Been convicted of a felony within the previous five years; (B) been convicted of a crime
involving fraud, dishonesty, or deceit; or (C) been convicted of a felony for violating any state or
federal alcohol- laws; and (D) that the applicant or the manager is not a suitable applicant;

(2) That the place to be occupied by the applicant is not a suitable place; or is within 200
feet of any school or church measured from front door to front door along the street or streets. This
requirement does not apply to a Class B licensee or to a place now occupied by a beer licensee so
long as it is continuously so occupied. The prohibition does not apply to a college, university, or

97 church that has notified the commissioner, in writing, that it has no objection to the location of any
98 such place within 200 feet;

99 (3) That any manager, owner, employee, or other person in a contractual relationship to
 100 provide goods or services to the applicant is an active employee of the commissioner; or

101 (4) That the license should not be issued for reason of conduct declared to be unlawful by102 this article.

§11-16-9. Amount of license tax; Class A and Class B retail dealers; purchase and sale of nonintoxicating beer permitted; distributors; brewers; brewpubs.

1 (a) All retail dealers, distributors, brewpubs, brewers, and resident brewers of 2 nonintoxicating beer and of nonintoxicating craft beer shall pay an annual fee to maintain an active 3 license as required by this article. The license period begins on July 1 of each year and ends on 4 June 30 of the following year. If the license is granted for a shorter period, then the license fee shall 5 be computed semiannually in proportion to the remainder of the fiscal year: Provided, That if a 6 licensee fails to complete a renewal application and make payment of its annual license fee in 7 renewing its license on or before June 30 of any subsequent year, then an additional \$150 8 reactivation fee shall be charged and paid by the licensee; the fee may not be prorated or refunded, prior to the processing of any renewal application and applicable full year annual license 9 10 fee; and furthermore, a licensee who continues to operate after the expiration of its license is 11 subject to all fines, penalties, and sanctions available in §11-16-23 of this code, all as determined 12 by the commissioner.

13

(b) The annual license fees are as follows:

14

(1) Retail dealers shall be divided into two classes: Class A and Class B.

(A) For a Class A retail dealer, the license fee is \$150 for each place of business; the
 license fee for social, fraternal, or private clubs not operating for profit, and which have been in
 continuous operation for two years or more immediately preceding the date of application, is \$150:
 Provided, That railroads operating in this state may dispense nonintoxicating beer upon payment

19 of an annual license tax of \$10 for each dining, club, or buffet car in which the beer is dispensed. 20 Class A licenses issued for railroad dining, club, or buffet cars authorize the licensee to sell 21 nonintoxicating beer at retail for consumption only on the licensed premises where sold. All other 22 Class A licensees may sell nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer at retail, as licensed, 23 for consumption on the licensed premises or off the licensed premises. Class A licensees may sell 24 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer for consumption off the licensed premises when 25 it is in a sealed original container and sold for personal use, and not for resale. Class A licensees 26 shall provide prepared food or meals along with sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating 27 craft beer in the original container or in a sealed growler as set forth for sales and service in §11-28 16-6d of this code, to a purchasing person who is in-person or in-vehicle picking up prepared food 29 or a meal, and sealed nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer orders-to-go, subject to 30 verification that the purchasing person is 21 years of age or older, and not visibly or noticeably 31 intoxicated, and as otherwise specified in this article.

32 (B) For a Class B retail dealer, the license fee, authorizing the sale of both chilled and 33 unchilled beer, is \$150 for each place of business. A Class B license authorizes the licensee to sell nonintoxicating beer at retail in bottles, cans, or other sealed containers only, and only for 34 35 consumption off the licensed premises. A Class B retailer may sell to a purchasing person, for 36 personal use, and not for resale, quantities of draught beer in original containers that are no larger 37 in size than one-half barrel for off-premises consumption. The commissioner may only issue a 38 Class B license to the proprietor or owner of a grocery store. For the purpose of this article, the 39 term "grocery store" means any retail establishment commonly known as a grocery store or 40 delicatessen, and caterer or party supply store, where food or food products are sold for 41 consumption off the premises, and includes a separate and segregated portion of any other retail 42 store which is dedicated solely to the sale of food, food products, and supplies for the table for 43 consumption off the premises. Caterers or party supply stores shall purchase the appropriate

44 licenses from the Alcohol Beverage Control Administration.

45 (C) A Class A retail dealer may contract, purchase, or develop a mobile ordering
46 application or web-based software program to permit the ordering and purchase of nonintoxicating
47 beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, as authorized by the licensee's license. The nonintoxicating
48 beer or nonintoxicating craft beer shall be in a sealed original container or a sealed growler and
49 meet the requirements of §11-16-6d of this code.

50 (2) For a distributor, the license fee is \$1,000 for each place of business.

51 (3) For a brewer or a resident brewer with its principal place of business or manufacture
52 located in this state and who produces:

(A) Twelve thousand five hundred barrels or less of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating
craft beer, the license fee is \$250 for each place of manufacture, and no more than three places of
manufacture are permitted for licensure;

(B) Twelve thousand five hundred one barrels and up to 25,000 barrels of nonintoxicating
beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, the license fee is \$1,000 for each place of manufacture, and no
more than five places of manufacture are permitted for licensure;

(C) More than 25,001 barrels of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, the
license fee is \$1,500 for each place of manufacture.

(D) A brewer or resident brewer licensed under paragraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision
shall receive one license for use at all places of manufacture; each place of manufacture shall
meet all licensing requirements in this article and the rules; and all places of manufacture shall be
noted on the one brewer or resident brewer license in compliance with §11-16-5 and §11-16-6a(k)
of this code.

(4) For a brewer whose principal place of business or manufacture is not located in this
state, the license fee is \$1,500. The brewer is exempt from the requirements set out in subsections
(c), (d), and (e) of this section: *Provided*, That a brewer whose principal place of business or

69 manufacture is not located in this state that produces less than 25,000 barrels of nonintoxicating 70 beer or nonintoxicating craft beer may choose to apply, in writing, to the commissioner to be 71 subject to the variable license fees of subdivision (3), subsection (b) of this section and the 72 requirements set out in subsections (c), (d), and (e) of this section subject to investigation and 73 approval by the commissioner as to brewer requirements.

74

(5) For a brewpub, the license fee is \$500 for each place of manufacture.

(c) As part of the application or renewal application and in order to determine a brewer or resident brewer's license fee pursuant to this section, a brewer or resident brewer shall provide the commissioner, on a form provided by the commissioner, with an estimate of the number of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer barrels and gallons it may produce during the year based upon the production capacity of the brewer's or resident brewer's manufacturing facilities and the prior year's production and sales volume of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer.

(d) On or before July 15 of each year, every brewer or resident brewer who is granted a
license shall file a final report, on a form provided by the commissioner, that is dated as of June 30
of that year, stating the actual volume of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer in
barrels and gallons produced at its principal place of business and other sites of manufacture
during the prior year.

(e) If the actual total production of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer by the
brewer or resident brewer exceeded the brewer's or resident brewer's estimate that was filed with
the application or renewal application for a brewer's or resident brewer's license for that period,
then the brewer or resident brewer shall include a remittance for the balance of the license fee
pursuant to this section that would be required for the final, higher level of production.

92 (f) Any brewer or resident brewer failing to file the reports required in subsections (c) and93 (d) of this section, and who is not exempt from the reporting requirements, shall, at the discretion

94 of the commissioner, be subject to the penalties set forth in §11-16-23 of this code.

(g) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the license fee per event for a
nonintoxicating beer floor plan extension is \$50, and the fee may not be prorated or refunded. A
licensee shall submit an application, certification that the event meets certain requirements in this
code and rules, and any other information required by the commissioner, at least 15 days prior to
the event, all as determined by the commissioner.

100 (h) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a Class A retail dealer, in good 101 standing with the commissioner, may apply, on a form provided by the commissioner, to sell, 102 serve, and furnish nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer for on-premises consumption 103 in an outdoor dining area or outdoor street dining area, as authorized by any municipal 104 government or county commission in the which the licensee operates. The Class A retail dealer 105 shall submit to the municipal government or county commission, for approval, a revised floorplan 106 and a request to sell and serve nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, subject to the 107 commissioner's requirements, in an approved outdoor area. For private outdoor street dining, or 108 private outdoor dining, the approved and bounded outdoor area need not be adjacent to the 109 licensee's licensed premises, but in close proximity and under the licensee's control with right of 110 ingress and egress. For purposes of this section, "close proximity" means an available area within 111 150 feet of the Class A retail dealer's licensed premises. A Class A retail dealer may operate a 112 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer outdoor dining or outdoor street dining in 113 conjunction with a temporary private outdoor dining or temporary private outdoor street dining area 114 set forth in §60-7-8d of this code and temporary private wine outdoor dining or temporary private 115 wine outdoor street dining set forth in §60-8-32a of this code.

(i) For purposes of this article, "nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer outdoor
 dining and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer outdoor street dining" includes dining
 areas that are:

(1) Outside and not served by an HVAC system for air handling services and use outsideair;

121 (2) Open to the air; and

(3) Not enclosed by fixed or temporary walls; however, the commissioner may seasonally
approve a partial enclosure with up to three temporary or fixed walls. Any area where seating is
incorporated inside a permanent building with ambient air through HVAC is not considered outdoor
dining pursuant to this subsection.

CHAPTER 60. STATE CONTROL OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS.

ARTICLE 3A. SALES BY RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSEES

§60-3A-3a. Liquor sampling.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, a Class A retail licensee may
 conduct a liquor sampling event on a designated sampling day.
- 3 (b) At least five business days prior to the liquor sampling, the Class A retail licensee shall
 4 submit a written proposal to the commissioner informing the Commissioner that the Class A
 5 licensee will hold a liquor sampling event, including:
- 6 (1) The day of the event;
- 7 (2) The location of the event;
- 8 (3) The times for the event; and
- 9 (4) The specific brand and flavor of the West Virginia product to be sampled.
- 10 (c) Upon approval by the commissioner, a Class A retail licensee may serve a
- 11 complimentary liquor sample of the approved brand and flavor of the West Virginia product that is
- 12 purchased by the Class A retail licensee from the commissioner.
- 13 (d) The complimentary liquor samples on any sampling day shall not exceed:
- (1) Three separate and individual samples serving per customer verified to be 21 years of
 age or older; and

- (2) One and one-half ounces in total volume. Samples may be mixed with each other or
 with non-alcoholic liquids as long as the total amount of the liquor sampled does not exceed one
 and one-half ounces.
- 19 (e) Servers at the liquor sampling event shall:
- 20 (1) Be employees of the Class A retail licensee; and
- 21 (2) Be at least 21 years of age or older.
- (f) All servers at the liquor sampling event shall verify the age of the customer sampling
 liquor by requiring and reviewing proper forms of identification. Servers at the liquor sampling
 event may not serve any person who is:
- 25 (1) Under the age of 21 years;
- 26 (2) Intoxicated.
- 27 (g) A liquor sampling event shall:
- 28 (1) Occur only inside the Class A retail licensee's licensed premises; and
- 29 (2) Cease on or before 9:00 p.m. on any approved sampling day.
- 30 (h) Any liquor bottle used for sampling must be from the inventory of the licensee, and

31 clearly and conspicuously labeled "SAMPLE, NOT FOR RESALE". If the seal is broken on any

32 liquor bottle or if any liquor bottle is opened, then that liquor bottle must be removed from the

- 33 licensed premises immediately following the event.
- 34 (i) Violations of this section are subject to the civil and criminal penalties set forth in §60-
- 35 3A-24, §60-3A-25a, §60-3A-26, and §60-3A-27 of this code;

§60-3A-8. Retail license application requirements; retail licensee qualifications.

- (a) Prior to or simultaneously with the submission of a bid for a retail license or the payment
 of a purchase option for a Class A retail license, each applicant shall file an application with the
 commissioner, stating under oath, the following:
- 4 (1) If the applicant is an individual, his or her name and residence address;

5 (2) If the applicant is other than an individual, the name and business address of the 6 applicant; the state of its incorporation or organization; the names and residence addresses of 7 each executive officer and other principal officer, partner, or member of the entity; a copy of the 8 entity's charter or other agreement under which the entity operates; the names and residence 9 addresses of any person owning, directly or indirectly, at least 20 percent of the outstanding stock, 10 partnership, or other interests in the applicant; and all applicants and licensees must list a 11 manager on the applicant's license application, or a licensee's renewal application. The manager 12 shall meet all other requirements of licensure, including, but not limited to, United States 13 citizenship or naturalization, passing a background investigation, being at least 21 years of age, 14 being a suitable applicant, and being of good moral character, and meet other requirements, all as 15 set forth in the code and the legislative rules, in order for the manager to be able to meet and 16 conduct any regulatory matters, including, but not limited to, licensure or enforcement matters 17 related to the applicant or licensee all in the interest of protecting public health and safety. In order 18 to maintain active licensure, any change by a licensee in any manager listed on an application 19 must be made immediately to the commissioner, in order to verify that the new manager meets 20 licensure requirements;

21 (3) That the applicant and manager have not: (A) Been convicted in this state or any other 22 state of any felony in the five years preceding the date of application; or (B) been convicted of any 23 other crime involving fraud, dishonesty, or deceit in the five years preceding the date of 24 application; or (C) been convicted of any felony in this or any other state court or any federal court 25 for a violation of state or federal alcohol laws. If the applicant is other than an individual, that none 26 of its executive officers, other principal officers, partners, or members, or any person owning, 27 directly or indirectly, at least 20 percent of the outstanding stock, partnership, or other interests in 28 the applicant, has been convicted; and

(4) That the applicant and the manager, each is a United States citizen of good moral character and, if a naturalized citizen, when and where naturalized; and, if a corporation organized and authorized to do business under the laws of this state, when and where incorporated, with the name and address of each officer; that each officer is a citizen of the United States and a person of good moral character; and if a firm, association, partnership, or limited partnership, that each member is a citizen of the United States and, if a naturalized citizen, when and where naturalized, each of whom must sign the application.

36 (b) An applicant and manager shall provide the commissioner any additional information
 37 requested by the commissioner including, but not limited to, authorization to conduct a criminal
 38 background and credit records check.

(c) Whenever a change occurs in any information provided to the commissioner, the
change shall immediately be reported to the commissioner in the same manner as originally
provided.

42 (d) The commissioner shall disqualify each bid submitted by an applicant under §60-3A-10
43 of this code and an applicant shall not be issued or eligible to hold a retail license under this article,
44 if the applicant:

(1) Has been, within the five years preceding the date of application: (A) Convicted in this
state of any felony; or (B) convicted of a crime involving fraud, dishonesty, or deceit; or (C)
convicted of any felony in this or any other state court or any federal court for a violation of state or
federal alcohol laws; or

49 (2) Any executive officer or other principal officer, partner, or member of the applicant, or
50 any person owning, directly or indirectly, at least 20 percent of the outstanding stock, partnership,
51 or other interests in the applicant, has been, within the five years preceding the date of application:
52 (A) Convicted in this state of any felony; or (B) convicted of a crime involving fraud, dishonesty, or

deceit; or (C) convicted of any felony in this or any other state court or any federal court for a
violation of state or federal alcohol laws.

(e) The commissioner shall not issue a retail license to an applicant which does not hold a
license issued pursuant to federal law to sell liquor at wholesale.

ARTICLE 4. LICENSES.

§60-4-3a. Distillery, mini-distillery, and micro-distillery license to manufacture and sell.

(a) Sales of liquor. — An operator of a distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery may offer 1 2 liquor for retail sale to customers from the distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery for 3 consumption off premises only. Except for complimentary samples offered pursuant to §60-6-1 of 4 this code, customers may not consume any liquor on the premises of the distillery, mini-distillery, 5 or micro-distillery and except for a distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery that obtains a private 6 manufacturer club license set forth in §60-7-1 et seq. of this code, and a Class A retail dealer 7 license set forth in §11-16-1 et seq. of the code: Provided, That a licensed distillery, mini-distillery, 8 or micro-distillery may offer complimentary samples of alcoholic liquors as authorized by this 9 subsection when alcoholic liquors are manufactured by that licensed distillery, mini-distillery, or 10 micro-distillery for consumption on the licensed premises. Notwithstanding any other provision of 11 law to the contrary, a licensed distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery may sell, furnish, and 12 serve alcoholic liquors when licensed accordingly beginning at 6:00 a.m. unless otherwise 13 determined by the residents of the county pursuant to §7-1-3ss of this code.

(b) *Retail off-premises consumption sales.* — Every licensed distillery, mini-distillery, or
micro-distillery shall comply with the provisions of §60-3A-9, §60-3A-11, §60-3A-13, §60-3A-16,
§60-3A-17, §60-3A-18, §60-3A-19, §60-3A-22, §60-3A-23, §60-3A-24, §60-3A-25, and §60-3A26 of this code, and the provisions of §60-3-1 *et seq.* and §60-4-1 *et seq.* of this code, applicable to
liquor retailers and distillers. In the interest of promoting tourism throughout the state, every
licensed distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery manufacturing liquor in this state is authorized,

20 with a limited off-site retail privilege at private fair and festivals, for off-premises consumption sales 21 of only the licensed distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery's sealed liquor. At least five days 22 prior to an approved private fair and festival, an authorized distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-23 distillery shall provide a copy of a written agreement to sell only liquor manufactured by the 24 licensed distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery at the private fair and festival's licensed 25 premises. If approved, an authorized distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery may conduct off-26 premises consumption sales of their liquor from a designated booth at the private fair and festival 27 as set forth in §60-7-8a of this code. All authorized and approved distilleries, mini-distilleries, and 28 micro-distilleries' off-premises consumption sales shall comply with all retail requirements in §60-29 3A-1 et seq. of this code, and specifically §60-3A-17 of this code with respect to all markups, 30 taxes, and fees. Additionally, every authorized distillery, mini-distillery, and micro-distillery may 31 provide complimentary samples to patrons who are 21 years of age and older and who are not 32 intoxicated. The complimentary liquor samples of the licensed distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-33 distillery's product on any sampling day shall not exceed:

34 (1) Three separate and individual samples serving per customer verified to be 21 years of
 35 age or older; and

36 (2) One and one-half ounces in total volume. Samples may be mixed with each other or
37 with non-alcoholic liquids as long as the total amount of the liquor sampled does not exceed one
38 and one-half ounces.

(c) *Payment of taxes and fees.* — The distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery shall pay all taxes and fees required of licensed retailers and meet applicable licensing provisions as required by this chapter and by rule of the commissioner, except for payments of the wholesale markup percentage and the handling fee provided by rule of the commissioner: *Provided*, That all liquor for sale to customers from the distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery for off-premises consumption is subject of a five percent wholesale markup fee and an 80 cents per case bailment

45 fee to be paid to the commissioner: *Provided, however*, That liquor sold by the distillery, mini46 distillery, or micro-distillery shall not be priced less than the price set by the commissioner
47 pursuant §60-3A-17 of this code.

48 (d) Payments to market zone retailers. — Each distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery 49 shall submit to the commissioner two percent of the gross sales price of each retail liquor sale for 50 the value of all sales at the distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery each month. This collection 51 shall be distributed by the commissioner, at least quarterly, to each market zone retailer located in 52 the distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery's market zone, proportionate to each market zone 53 retailer's annual gross prior years pretax value sales. The maximum amount of market zone 54 payments that a distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery shall submit to the commissioner is 55 \$15,000 per annum.

(e) *Limitations on licensees.* — A distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery may not
produce more than 50,000 gallons per calendar year. The commissioner may issue more than one
distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery license to a single person or entity and a person may
hold both a distillery and a mini-distillery license. The owners of a licensed distillery, mini-distillery,
or micro-distillery may operate a winery, farm winery, brewery, or as a resident brewer as
otherwise specified in the code.

62 (f) *Building code and tax classification.* — Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 63 contrary, the mere addition of a distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery licensed under this 64 article on a property does not change the nature or use of the property which otherwise qualifies as 65 agricultural use for building code and property tax classification purposes.

§60-4-3b. Winery and farm winery license to manufacture and sell.

(a) An operator of a winery or farm winery may offer wine produced by the winery, farm
 winery, or a farm entity authorized by §60-1-5c of this code, for retail sale to customers from the
 winery or farm winery for consumption off the premises only. Customers may consume wine on the

premises when an operator of a winery or farm winery offers complimentary samples pursuant to 4 5 §60-6-1 of this code, the winery or farm winery is licensed as a private wine restaurant, or the 6 winery or farm winery is licensed as a private manufacturer club. Customers may not consume any 7 wine on the licensed premises of the winery, farm winery, or a farm entity authorized by §60-1-5c of 8 this code, unless the winery, farm winery, or farm entity has obtained a multi-capacity winery or 9 farm winery license: *Provided*, That under this subsection, a licensed winery or farm winery may 10 offer complimentary samples of wine manufactured by that licensed winery or farm winery for 11 consumption on the premises only on Sundays beginning at 6:00 a.m. in any county in which the 12 same has been approved as provided in §7-1-3ss of this code. Notwithstanding any other 13 provision of law to the contrary, a licensed winery or farm winery may sell, serve, and furnish wine, 14 for on-premises consumption when licensed accordingly, beginning at 6:00 a.m., and for off-15 premises consumption beginning at 6:00 a.m. on any day of the week, unless otherwise 16 determined by the residents of the county pursuant to §7-1-3ss of this code.

(b) Complimentary samples allowed by the provisions of this section may not exceed twofluid ounces and no more than three samples may be given to a patron in any one day.

19 (c) Complimentary samples may be provided only for on-premises consumption.

(d) A winery, farm winery, or farm entity, pursuant to §60-1-5c of this code, may offer for
 retail sale from their licensed premises sealed original container bottles of wine for off-premises
 consumption only.

(e) A winery, farm winery, or farm entity licensed pursuant to §60-1-5c of this code, holding
a multi-capacity license and a private wine restaurant license may offer wine by the drink or glass
in a private wine restaurant located on the property of the winery, farm winery, or farm entity
licensed pursuant to §60-1-5c of this code.

(f) Every licensed winery or farm winery shall comply with the provisions of §60-3-1 *et seq.*,
§60-4-1 *et seq.*, and §60-8-1 *et seq.* of this code as applicable to wine retailers, wineries, and

29 suppliers when properly licensed in such capacities.

30 (g) (1) The winery or farm winery shall pay all taxes and fees required of licensed wine
 31 retailers and meet applicable licensing provisions as required by this chapter and by rules
 32 promulgated by the commissioner.

33 (2) Each winery or farm winery acting as its own supplier shall submit to the Tax
34 Commissioner the liter tax for all sales at the winery or farm winery each month, as provided in
35 §60-8-1 *et seq.* of this code.

36 (3) The five percent wine excise tax, levied pursuant to §60-3-9d of this code, or pursuant
37 to §8-13-7 of this code, may not be imposed or collected on purchases of wine in the original
38 sealed package for the purpose of resale in the original sealed package, if the final purchase of the
39 wine is subject to the excise tax or if the purchase is delivered outside this state.

40 (4) A liter tax shall not be collected on wine sold in the original sealed package for the
41 purpose of resale in the original sealed package if a subsequent sale of the wine is subject to the
42 liter tax.

43 (5) This section shall not be interpreted to authorize a purchase for resale exemption in
44 contravention of §11-15-9a of this code.

45 (h) A winery or farm winery may advertise a particular brand or brands of wine produced by
46 it. The price of the wine is subject to federal requirements or restrictions.

47 (i) A winery or farm winery shall maintain separate winery or farm winery supplier, retailer, 48 and direct shipper licenses when acting in one or more of those capacities and shall pay all 49 associated license fees, unless the winery or farm winery holds a license issued pursuant to the 50 provisions of §60-8-3(b)(12) of this code. A winery or farm winery, if holding the appropriate 51 licenses or a multi-capacity winery or farm winery license, may act as its own supplier; retailer for 52 off-premises consumption of its wine as specified in §60-6-2 of this code; private wine restaurant; 53 and direct shipper for wine produced by the winery or farm winery. A winery or farm winery that has

applied, paid all fees, and met all requirements may obtain a private manufacturer club license subject to the requirements of §60-7-1 *et seq.* of this code, and a Class A retail dealer license subject to the requirements of §11-16-1 *et seq.* of this code. All wineries shall use a distributor to distribute and sell their wine in the state, except for farm wineries. Wineries or farm wineries may enter into alternating wine proprietorship agreements, pursuant to §60-1-5c of this code.

(j) The owners of a licensed winery or farm winery may operate a distillery, mini-distillery, or
 micro-distillery, brewery, or as a resident brewer, as otherwise specified in the code.

61 (k) For purposes of this section, terms have the same meaning as provided in §8-13-7 of62 this code.

(I) *Building code and tax classification.* — Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the
contrary, the mere addition of a winery or farm winery licensed under this article on a property does
not change the nature or use of the property which otherwise qualifies as agricultural use for
building code and property tax classification purposes.

67 (m) In the interest of promoting tourism throughout the state, every licensed winery or farm 68 winery manufacturing wine in this state is authorized, with a limited off-site retail privilege at private 69 fair and festivals, for off-premises consumption sales of only the winery or farm winery's sealed 70 wine. At least five days prior to an approved private fair and festival, an authorized winery or farm 71 winery shall provide a copy of a written agreement to sell only wine manufactured by the licensed 72 winery or farm winery at the private fair and festival's licensed premises. If approved, an 73 authorized licensed winery or farm winery may conduct off-premises consumption sales of their 74 wine from a designated booth at the private fair and festival as set forth in §60-7-8a of this code. All 75 authorized and approved wineries and farm wineries' off-premises consumption sales shall 76 comply with all retail requirements in §60-8-1 et seq. of this code, and specifically with respect to 77 all markups, taxes, and fees. Additionally, an authorized winery or farm winery may provide 78 complimentary samples to patrons who are 21 years of age and older and who are not intoxicated

in the amounts set forth in subsection (b).

ARTICLE 7. LICENSES TO PRIVATE CLUBS.

§60-7-2. Definitions; authorizations; requirements for certain licenses.
Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this
article:

3 (1) "Applicant" means a private club applying for a license under the provisions of this4 article.

5 (2) "Code" means the official Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended.

6 (3) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner.

7 (4) "Licensee" means the holder of a license to operate a private club granted under this
8 article, which remains unexpired, unsuspended, and unrevoked.

9 (5) "Private club" means any corporation or unincorporated association which either:

10 (A) Belongs to or is affiliated with a nationally recognized fraternal or veterans' organization 11 which is operated exclusively for the benefit of its members, which pays no part of its income to its 12 shareholders or individual members, which owns or leases a building or other premises to which 13 club are admitted only duly- elected or approved dues-paying members in good standing of the 14 corporation or association and their quests while in the company of a member and to which club 15 the general public is not admitted, and which maintains in the building or on the premises a 16 suitable kitchen and dining facility with related equipment for serving food to members and their 17 guests;

(B) Is a nonprofit social club, which is operated exclusively for the benefit of its members,
which pays no part of its income to its shareholders or individual members, which owns or leases a
building or other premises to which club are admitted only duly-elected or approved dues-paying
members in good standing of the corporation or association and their guests while in the company
of a member and to which club the general public is not admitted, and which maintains in the

building or on the premises a suitable kitchen and dining facility with related equipment for serving
food to members and their guests;

25 (C) Is organized and operated for legitimate purposes which has at least 100 duly- elected 26 or approved dues-paying members in good standing, which owns or leases a building or other 27 premises, including any vessel licensed or approved by any federal agency to carry or 28 accommodate passengers on navigable waters of this state, to which club are admitted only duly-29 elected or approved dues-paying members in good standing of the corporation or association and 30 their guests while in the company of a member and to which club the general public is not 31 admitted, and which club maintains in the building or on the premises a suitable kitchen and dining 32 facility with related equipment and employs a sufficient number of persons for serving meals to 33 members and their guests; or

(D) Is organized for legitimate purposes and owns or leases a building or other delimited premises in any state, county, or municipal park, or at any airport, in which building or premises a club has been established, to which club are admitted only duly-elected and approved duespaying members in good standing and their guests while in the company of a member and to which the general public is not admitted, and which maintains in connection with the club a suitable kitchen and dining facility and related equipment and employs a sufficient number of persons for serving meals in the club to the members and their guests.

(6) "Private bakery" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club license that has a primary function of operating a food preparation business that produces baked goods, including brownies, cookies, cupcakes, confections, muffins, breads, cakes, wedding cakes, and other baked goods where the applicant or licensee desires to sell baked goods infused with liquor, wine, or nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, either: (A) In the icing, syrup, drizzle, or some other topping; (B) as an infusion where the alcohol is not processed or cooked out of the baked goods; or (C) the alcohol can be added by the purchaser from an infusion packet containing

48 alcohol no greater than 10 milliliters. This applicant or licensee may not sell liquor, wine, or 49 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer for on or off-premises consumption. The 50 applicant or licensee may sell the baked goods with alcohol added as authorized for on and off-51 premises consumption. Further, the applicant or licensee shall:

52 (i) Have at least 50 members;

(ii) Operate a kitchen that produces baked goods, as specified in this subdivision, including at least: (I) A baking oven and a four-burner range or hot plate; (II) a sink with hot and cold running water; (III) a 17 cubic foot refrigerator or freezer, or some combination of a refrigerator and freezer which is not used for alcohol cold storage; (IV) baking utensils and pans, kitchen utensils, and other food consumption apparatus as determined by the commissioner; and (V) food fit for human consumption available to be served during all hours of operation on the licensed premises;

(iii) Maintain, at any one time, a food inventory capable of being prepared in the private
bakery's kitchen. In calculating the food inventory, the commissioner shall include television
dinners, bags of chips or similar products, microwavable food or meals, frozen meals, prepackaged foods, baking items such as flour, sugar, icing, and other confectionary items, or canned
prepared foods;

(iv) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner for the purpose of
verifying that persons under the age of 21 who are in the private bakery are not sold items
containing alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, or wine. A person
under 21 years of age may enter the shop and purchase other items not containing alcoholic
liquors; and

69 (v) Meet and be subject to all other private club requirements.

(7) "Private cigar shop" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club
 licensee that has a primary function of operating a cigar shop for sales of premium cigars for
 consumption on or off the licensed premises. Where permitted by law, indoor on-premises cigar

consumption is permitted with a limited food menu, which may be met by using a private caterer,
for members and guests while the private club applicant or licensee is selling and serving liquor,
wine, or nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer for on-premises consumption. Further,
the applicant or licensee shal:

77 (A) Have at least 50 members;

(B) Operate a cigar shop and bar with a kitchen, including at least: (i) A two-burner hot
plate, air fryer, or microwave oven; (ii) a sink with hot and cold running water; (iii) a 17 cubic foot
refrigerator or freezer, or some combination of a refrigerator and freezer which is not used for
alcohol cold storage; (iv) kitchen utensils and other food consumption apparatus as determined by
the commissioner; and (v) food fit for human consumption available to be served during all hours
of operation on the licensed premises;

(C) Maintain, at any one time, not less than a food inventory capable of being prepared in
the private club bar's kitchen or have on hand at least \$150 in food provided by a private caterer. In
calculating the food inventory, the commissioner shall include television dinners, bags of chips or
similar products, microwavable food or meals, frozen meals, pre-packaged foods, or canned
prepared foods;

(D) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner for the purpose of
verifying that persons under the age of 21 who are in the private club bar are accompanied by a
parent or legal guardian, and if a person under 21 years of age is not accompanied by a parent or
legal guardian, that person may not be admitted as a guest; and

93

(E) Meet and is subject to all other private club requirements.

94 (8) "Private caterer" means a licensed private club restaurant, private hotel, or private
95 resort hotel authorized by the commissioner to cater and serve food and sell and serve alcoholic
96 liquors, or non-intoxicating beer or non-intoxicating craft beer. A private caterer shall purchase
97 wine sold or served at a catering event from a wine distributor. A private caterer shall purchase

98 nonintoxicating beer and nonintoxicating craft beer sold or served at the catering event from a 99 licensed beer distributor. A private caterer shall purchase liquor from a retail liquor outlet 100 authorized to sell in the market zone, where the catering event is held. The private caterer or the 101 persons or entity holding the catering event shall:

102 (A) Have at least 10 members and guests attending the catering event;

(B) Have obtained an open container waiver or have otherwise been approved by amunicipality or county in which the event is being held;

105 (C) Operate a private club restaurant on a daily operating basis;

(D) Only use its employees, independent contractors, or volunteers to sell and serve
 alcoholic liquors who have received certified training in verifying the legal identification, the age of
 a purchasing person, and the signs of visible, noticeable, and physical intoxication;

109 (E) Provide to the commissioner, at least seven days before the event is to take place:

(i) The name and business address of the unlicensed private venue where the privatecaterer is to provide food and alcohol for a catering event;

(ii) The name of the owner or operator of the unlicensed private venue;

(iii) A copy of the contract or contracts between the private caterer, the person contracting
with the caterer, and the unlicensed private venue;

115 (iv) A floorplan of the unlicensed private venue to comprise the private catering premises. 116 which shall only include spaces in buildings or rooms of an unlicensed private venue where the 117 private caterer has control of the space for a set time period and where the space safely accounts 118 for the ingress and egress of the stated members and guests who will be attending the private 119 catering event at the catering premises. The unlicensed private venue's floorplan during the set 120 time period as stated in the contract shall comprise the private caterer's licensed premises, which 121 is authorized for the lawful sale, service, and consumption of alcoholic liguors, nonintoxicating 122 beer and nonintoxicating craft beer, and wine throughout the licensed private catering premises:

Provided, That the unlicensed private venue shall: (I) Be inside a building or structure; (II) have other facilities to prepare and serve food and alcohol; (III) have adequate restrooms and sufficient building facilities for the number of members and guests expected to attend the private catering event; and (IV) otherwise be in compliance with health, fire, safety, and zoning requirements;

127 (F) Not hold more than 15 private catering events per calendar year. Upon reaching the
128 16th event, the unlicensed venue shall obtain its own private club license;

(G) Submit to the commissioner, evidence that any noncontiguous area of an unlicensed
venue is within 150 feet of the private caterer's submitted floorplan and may submit a floorplan
extension for authorization to permit alcohol and food at an outdoor event;

132 (H) Meet and be subject to all other private club requirements; and

133 (I) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner.

(9) "Private club bar" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club licensee that has a primary function for the use of the licensed premises as a bar for the sale and consumption of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer and wine when licensed for those sales, while providing a limited food menu for members and guests, and meeting the criteria set forth in this subdivision which:

139 (A) Has at least 100 members;

(B) Operates a bar with a kitchen, including at least: (i) A two-burner hot plate, air fryer, or microwave oven; (ii) a sink with hot and cold running water; (iii) a 17 cubic foot refrigerator or freezer, or some combination of a refrigerator and freezer which is not used for alcohol cold storage; (iv) kitchen utensils and other food consumption apparatus as determined by the commissioner; and (v) food fit for human consumption available to be served during all hours of operation on the licensed premises;

(C) Maintains, at any one time, a food inventory capable of being prepared in the privateclub bar's kitchen. In calculating the food inventory, the commissioner shall include television

dinners, bags of chips or similar products, microwavable food or meals, frozen meals,
prepackaged foods, or canned prepared foods;

(D) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner for the purpose of verifying that persons under the age of 18 who are in the private club bar are accompanied by a parent or legal guardian. If a person under 18 years of age is not accompanied by a parent or legal guardian that person may not be admitted as a guest; and

154 (E) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements.

155 (10) "Private food truck" means an applicant for a private club, licensed private club 156 licensee, or licensed private manufacturer's club licensee that has a primary function of operating 157 a food preparation business using an industrial truck, van, or trailer to prepare food and meals for 158 sale at various locations within the state while using a propane or electric generator powered 159 kitchen. The private food truck applicant shall obtain county or municipal approval to operate for 160 food and liguor, wine, hard cider, and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer sales and 161 service, while providing a food menu for members and quests. The private food truck applicant 162 shall:

163 (A) Have at least 10 members;

(B) Operate with a kitchen, including at least: (i) A two-burner hot plate, air fryer, or microwave oven; (ii) a sink with hot and cold running water; (iii) at least a 10 cubic foot refrigerator or freezer, or some combination of a refrigerator and freezer which is not used for alcohol cold storage; and (iv) plastic or metal kitchen utensils and other food consumption apparatus as determined by the commissioner;

(C) Maintain, at any one time, not less than \$200 of food inventory that is fit for human
consumption and capable of being prepared and served from the private food truck's kitchen
during all hours of operation;

172

(D) Is sponsored, endorsed, or approved by the governing body or its designee of the

county or municipality in which the private food truck is to be located and operated. Each location
shall have a bounded and defined area and set hours for private food truck operations, sales, and
consumption of alcohol that are not greater than a private club's hours of operation;

(E) Provide the commissioner with a list of all locations, including a main business location,
where the private food truck operates, and is approved for sales pursuant to subsection (D) of this
section, and immediately update the commissioner when new locations are approved by a county
or municipality;

(F) Require all nonintoxicating beer and nonintoxicating craft beer sold, furnished, tendered, or served pursuant to the license created by this section to be purchased from the licensed distributor where the private food truck has its home location or from a resident brewer acting in a limited capacity as a distributor, all in accordance with §11-16-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(G) Require wine or hard cider sold, furnished, tendered, or served pursuant to the license
 created by this section to be purchased from a licensed distributor, winery, or farm winery in
 accordance with §60-8-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(H) Require liquor sold, furnished, tendered, or served pursuant to the license created by
this section shall be purchased from a licensed retail liquor outlet in the market zone or contiguous
market zone where the private food truck has its main business location, all in accordance with
§60-3A-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(I) A licensee authorized by this section shall use bona fide employees to sell, furnish,
tender, or serve the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, or liquor.

(J) A brewer, resident brewer, winery, farm winery, distillery, mini-distillery, or microdistillery may obtain a private food truck license;

(K) Licensed representatives of a brewer, resident brewer, beer distributor, wine distributor,
 wine supplier, winery, farm winery, distillery, mini-distillery, micro-distillery, and liquor broker
 representatives may attend a location where a private food truck is located and discuss their

respective products but may not engage in the selling, furnishing, tendering, or serving of anynonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, or liquor.

200 (L) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner for the purpose of 201 verifying that persons under the age of 21 who are in the private club bar are not permitted to be 202 served any alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, or wine but may be 203 permitted to purchase food or other items;

204 (M) Obtain all permits required by §60-6-12 of this code; and

205 (N) Meet and be subject to all other applicable private club requirements.

(11) "Private club restaurant" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club
licensee that has a primary function of using the licensed premises as a restaurant for serving
freshly prepared meals and dining in the restaurant area. The private club restaurant may have a
bar area separate from or commingled with the restaurant, seating requirements for members and
guests shall be met by the restaurant area. The applicant for a private club restaurant license is an
applicant which:

212 (A) Has at least 100 members;

(B) Operate a restaurant and full kitchen with at least: (i) Ovens and four-burner ranges; (ii)
refrigerators or freezers, or some combination of refrigerators and freezers greater than 50 cubic
feet, or a walk-in refrigerator or freezer; (iii) other kitchen utensils and apparatus as determined by
the commissioner; and (iv) freshly prepared food fit for human consumption available to be served
during all hours of operation on the licensed premises;

(C) Maintains, at any one time, fresh food capable of being prepared in the private club
 restaurant's full kitchen. In calculating the food inventory, the commissioner may not include
 television dinners, bags of chips or similar products, microwavable meals, frozen meals, pre packaged foods, or canned prepared foods;

(D) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner for the purpose of

verifying that persons under 18 years of age who are in the bar area of a private club restaurant are accompanied by a parent or legal guardian. The licensee may not seat a person in the bar area who is under the age of 18 years and who is not accompanied by a parent or legal guardian, but may allow that person, as a guest, to dine for food and nonalcoholic beverage purposes in the restaurant area of a private club restaurant:

228 (E) May uncork and serve members and guests up to two bottles of wine that a member 229 purchased from a wine retailer, wine specialty shop, an applicable winery or farm winery when 230 licensed for retail sales, or a licensed wine direct shipper when the purchase is for personal use 231 and, not for resale. The licensee may charge a corkage fee of up to \$10 dollars per bottle. In no 232 event may a member or a group of members and quests exceed two sealed bottles or containers 233 of wine to carry onto the licensed premises for uncorking and serving by the private club restaurant 234 and for personal consumption by the member and quests. A member or quest may cork and reseal 235 any unconsumed wine bottles as provided in §60-8-3 (i) of this code and the legislative rules for 236 carrying unconsumed wine off the licensed premises;

(F) Has at least two restrooms for members and their guests: *Provided*, That this requirement may be waived by the local health department upon supplying a written waiver of the requirement to the commissioner: *Provided, however*, That the requirement may also be waived for a historic building by written waiver supplied to commissioner of the requirement from the historic association or district with jurisdiction over a historic building: *Provided, further* That in no event may a private club restaurant have less than one restroom; and

243

(G) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements.

(12) "Private manufacturer club" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private
 club licensee which is also licensed as a distillery, mini-distillery, micro-distillery, winery, farm
 winery, brewery, or resident brewery that manufacturers liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer or
 nonintoxicating craft beer, which may be sold, served, and furnished to members and guests for

on-premises consumption at the licensee's licensed premises and in the area or areas denoted onthe licensee's floorplan, and which:

250 (A) Has at least 100 members;

(B) Offers tours, may offer complimentary samples, and may offer space as a conferencecenter or for meetings;

253 (C) Operates a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, four-burner ranges, a refrigerator, or 254 freezer, or some combination of a refrigerator and freezer, and other kitchen utensils and 255 apparatus as determined by the commissioner on the licensed premises and serves freshly 256 prepared food at least 15 hours per week: Provided, That a licensee required by the provisions of 257 this code to serve food on premises in order to lawfully serve alcoholic liquors, beer, wine, or hard 258 cider may meet the requirement of having on-premises food preparation facilities by, during all 259 hours alcoholic liquors, beer, wine, and hard cider are offered for sale or sampling, having on-site 260 an operating food truck or other portable kitchen: Provided, however, That the approval of the 261 commissioner and the appropriate health department is required to operate as allowed by 262 subsection (a) of this section;

263 (D) Maintains, at any one time fresh food capable of being prepared in the private 264 manufacturer club's full kitchen. In calculating the food inventory, the commissioner may not 265 include television dinners, bags of chips or similar products, microwavable meals, frozen meals, 266 pre-packaged foods, or canned prepared foods;

(E) Owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses space which is contiguous, bounded, or
fenced real property sufficient to safely operate the licensed premises that would be listed on the
licensee's floorplan and may be used for large events such as weddings, reunions, conferences,
meetings, and sporting or recreational events;

271 (F) Lists the entire property from paragraph (E) of this subdivision and all adjoining 272 buildings and structures on the private manufacturer club's floorplan that would comprise the

273 licensed premises, which would be authorized for the lawful sale, service, and consumption of 274 alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, and wine throughout the 275 licensed premises, whether these activities were conducted in a building or structure or outdoors 276 while on the private manufacturer club's licensed premises, and as noted on the private 277 manufacturer club's floorplan;

(G) Identifies a person, persons, an entity, or entities who or which have the right, title, and
ownership or lease interest in the real property, buildings, and structures located on the proposed
licensed premises;

281 (H) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner; and

282 (I) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements.

(13) "Private fair and festival" means an applicant for a private club or a licensed private
 club licensee meeting the requirements of §60-7-8a of this code for a temporary event, and the
 criteria set forth in this subdivision which:

286 (A) Has at least 100 members;

(B) Has been sponsored, endorsed, or approved, in writing, by the governing body (or its
duly elected or appointed officers) of either the municipality or of the county in which the festival,
fair, or other event is to be conducted;

(C) Prepares, provides, or engages a food vendor to provide adequate freshly prepared
food or meals to serve its stated members and guests who will be attending the temporary festival,
fair, or other event, and further shall provide any documentation or agreements to the
commissioner prior to approval;

(D) Does not use third-party entities or individuals to purchase, sell, furnish, or serve
 alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer;

296 (E) Provides adequate restroom facilities, whether permanent or portable, to serve the 297 stated members and guests who will be attending the festival, fair, or other event;

(F) Provides a floorplan for the proposed premises with a defined and bounded area to
 safely account for the ingress and egress of stated members and guests who will be attending the
 festival, fair, or other event;

301 (G) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner; and

302 (H) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements.

(14) "Private hotel" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club licensee
 meeting the criteria set forth in this subsection which:

305 (A) Has at least 2,000 members;

306 (B) Offers short-term, daily rate accommodations or lodging for members and their guests
 307 amounting to at least 30 separate bedrooms, and also offers a conference center for meetings;

308 (C) Operates a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, four-burner ranges, walk-in freezers, 309 and other kitchen utensils and apparatus as determined by the commissioner on the licensed 310 premises and serves freshly prepared food at least 20 hours per week;

311 (D) Maintains, at any one time, fresh food capable of being prepared in the private hotel's
312 full kitchen. In calculating the food inventory, the commissioner may not include microwavable,
313 frozen, or canned foods;

314 (E) Owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses acreage amounting to more than one 315 acre but fewer than three acres, which are contiguous acres of bounded or fenced real property 316 which would be listed on the licensee's floorplan and would be used for hotel and conferences and 317 large contracted-for group-type events such as weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, and 318 sporting or recreational events;

319 (F) Lists the entire property from paragraph (E) of this subdivision and all adjoining 320 buildings and structures on the private hotel's floorplan which would comprise the licensed 321 premises, which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic 322 liquors throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or

323 structure or outdoors while on the private hotel's licensed premises and as noted on the private324 hotel's floorplan;

(G) Has an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership or lease
 interest in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

327 (H) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner;

328 (I) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements; and

329 (J) May provide members and guests who are verified by proper form of identification to be 330 21 years of age or older to have secure access via key or key card to an in-room mini-bar in their 331 rented short-term accommodation; the mini-bar may be a small refrigerator not in excess of 1.6 332 cubic feet for the sale of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, hard cider, and 333 liquor sold from the original sealed container, and the refrigerator may contain: (i) Any combination 334 of 12 fluid ounce cans or bottles not exceeding 72 fluid ounces of nonintoxicating beer or 335 nonintoxicating craft beer; (ii) any combination of cans or bottles of wine or hard cider not 336 exceeding 750 ml of wine or hard cider; (iii) liguor in bottles sized from 50 ml, 100 ml, and 200 ml, 337 with any combination of those liquor bottles not exceeding 750 ml; and (iv) any combination of 338 canned or packaged food valued at least \$50. All markups, fees, and taxes shall be charged on the 339 sale of nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, liquor, and hard cider. All 340 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer available for sale shall be purchased from the 341 licensed distributor in the area where licensed. All wine or hard cider available for sale shall be 342 purchased from a licensed wine distributor or authorized farm winery. All liquor available for sale 343 shall be purchased from the licensed retail liquor outlet in the market zone of the licensed 344 premises. The mini-bar shall be checked daily and replenished as needed to benefit the member 345 and guest.

346 (15) "Private resort hotel" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club347 licensee which:

348 (A) Has at least 5,000 members;

349 (B) Offers short term, daily rate accommodations or lodging for members and their guests
350 amounting to at least 50 separate bedrooms;

351 (C) Operates a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, six-burner ranges, walk-in freezers, 352 and other kitchen utensils and apparatus as determined by the commissioner on the licensed 353 premises and serves freshly prepared food at least 25 hours per week;

354 (D) Maintains, at any one time, fresh food capable of being prepared in the private resort 355 hotel's full kitchen. In calculating the food inventory, the commissioner may not include 356 microwavable, frozen, or canned foods;

357 (E) Owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses acreage amounting to at least 10 358 contiguous acres of bounded or fenced real property which would be listed on the licensee's 359 floorplan and would be used for destination, resort, and large contracted-for group-type events 360 such as weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, and sporting or recreational events;

361 (F) Lists the entire property from paragraph (E) of this subdivision and all adjoining 362 buildings and structures on the private resort hotel's floorplan comprising the licensed 363 premiseswhich would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic 364 liquors throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or 365 structure or outdoors while on the private resort hotel's licensed premises;

366 (G) Has an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership or lease
 367 interest in the real property, buildings, and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

368 (H) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner;

369 (I) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements;

370 (J) May have a separately licensed resident brewer with a brewpub license inner-371 connected via a walkway, doorway, or entryway, all as determined and approved by the 372 commissioner, for limited access during permitted hours of operation for tours and complimentary

373 samples at the resident brewery; and

374 (K) May provide members and guests who are verified by proper form of identification to be 375 21 years of age or older to have access via key or key card to an in-room mini-bar in their rented 376 short-term accommodation. The mini-bar may be a small refrigerator not in excess of 3.2 cubic 377 feet for the sale of nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, hard cider, and liquor sold 378 from the original sealed container, and the refrigerator may contain: (i) Any combination of 12 fluid 379 ounce cans or bottles not exceeding 144 fluid ounces of nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating 380 craft beer; (ii) any combination of cans or bottles of wine or hard cider not exceeding one and a half 381 liters of wine or hard cider; (iii) liguor in bottles sized from 50 ml, 100 ml, 200 ml, and 375 ml with 382 any combination of such liquor bottles not exceeding one and a half liters; and (iv) any combination 383 of canned or packaged food valued at least \$100. All markups, fees, and taxes shall be charged on 384 the sale of nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, hard cider, wine, and liquor. All 385 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer available for sale shall be purchased from the 386 licensed distributor in the area where licensed. All wine or hard cider available for sale shall be 387 purchased from a licensed wine distributor or authorized farm winery. All liquor available for sale 388 shall be purchased from the licensed retail liquor outlet in the market zone of the licensed 389 premises. The mini-bar shall be checked daily and replenished as needed to benefit the member 390 and quest.

391 (16) "Private golf club" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club392 licensee which:

393 (A) Has at least 100 members;

(B) Maintains at least one 18-hole golf course with separate and distinct golf playing holes,
not reusing nine golf playing holes to comprise the 18 golf playing holes, and a clubhouse;

396 (C) Operates a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, as determined by the commissioner,
 397 on the licensed premises and serves freshly prepared food at least 15 hours per week;

398 (D) Owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses acreage amounting to at least 80 399 contiguous acres of bounded or fenced real property which would be listed on the private golf 400 club's floorplan and could be used for golfing events and large contracted-for group-type events 401 such as weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, and sporting or recreational events;

402 (E) Lists the entire property from paragraph (D) of this subsection and all adjoining 403 buildings and structures on the private golf club's floorplan comprising the licensed premises 404 which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic liquors 405 throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or 406 structure or outdoors while on the private golf club's licensed premises;

407 (F) Has an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership interest
408 in the real property, buildings, and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

409 (G) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner; and

410 (H) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements.

411 (17) "Private nine-hole golf course" means an applicant for a private club or licensed412 private club licensee which:

413 (A) Has at least 50 members;

414 (B) Maintains at least one nine-hole golf course with separate and distinct golf playing415 holes;

416 (C) Operates a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, as determined by the commissioner,
417 on the licensed premises and serves freshly prepared food at least 15 hours per week;

(D) Owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses acreage amounting to at least 30
contiguous acres of bounded or fenced real property which would be listed on the private nine-hole
golf course's floorplan and could be used for golfing events and large contracted for group-type
events such as weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, and sporting or recreational events;
(E) Lists the entire property from paragraph (D) of this subdivision and all adjoining

buildings and structures on the private nine-hole golf course's floorplan comprising the licensed
premises which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic
liquors throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or
structure or outdoors while on the private nine-hole golf course's licensed premises;

427 (F) Has an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership interest

428 in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

429 (G) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner; and

430 (H) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements.

431 (18) "Private tennis club" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club432 licensee which:

433 (A) Has at least 100 members;

434 (B) Maintains at least four separate and distinct tennis courts, either indoor or outdoor, and
435 a clubhouse or similar facility;

436 (C) Has a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, as determined by the commissioner, on437 the licensed premises which is capable of serving freshly prepared food;

(D) Owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses acreage amounting to at least two
contiguous acres of bounded or fenced real property which would be listed on the private tennis
club's floorplan and could be used for tennis events and large events such as weddings, reunions,
conferences, tournaments, meetings, and sporting or recreational events;

442 (E) Lists the entire property from paragraph (D) of this subdivision and all adjoining 443 buildings and structures on the private tennis club's floorplan comprising the licensed premises 444 which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic liquors 445 throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or 446 structure or outdoors while on the private tennis club's licensed premises;

447 (F) Has identified a person, persons, an entity, or entities who or which has right, title, and

ownership interest in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensedpremises;

450 (G) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements; and

451 (H) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner.

452 (19) "Private college sports stadium" means an applicant for a private club or licensed 453 private club licensee that operates a college or university stadium or coliseum for Division I, II, or III 454 and what involves a college public or private or university that is a member of the National 455 Collegiate Athletic Association, or its successor, and uses the facility for football, basketball, 456 baseball, soccer, or other Division I, II, or III sports, reserved weddings, reunions, conferences, 457 meetings, or other special events and does not maintain daily or regular operating hours as a bar 458 or restaurant. The licensee may sell alcoholic liquors when conducting or temporarily hosting non-459 collegiate sporting events. This license may be issued in the name of the National Collegiate 460 Athletic Association Division I, II, or III college or university or the name of the primary food and 461 beverage vendor under contract with that college or university. All alcohol sales shall take place 462 within the confines of the college or university stadium: *Provided*, That any outside area approved for alcohol sales shall be surrounded by a fence or other barrier prohibiting entry except upon the 463 464 college or university's express permission, and under the conditions and restrictions established 465 by the college or university, so that the alcohol sales area is closed in order to prevent entry and 466 access by the general public. Further the applicant shall:

467 (A) Have at least 100 members;

(B) Maintain an open-air or enclosed stadium or coliseum venue primarily used for sporting
events, such as football, basketball, baseball, soccer, or other Division I, II, or III sports, and also
weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other events where parties shall reserve the
college stadium venue in advance of the event;

472

(C) Operate a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens and equipment that is equivalent or

greater than a private club restaurant, as determined by the commissioner, on the licensed
premises that is capable of serving freshly prepared food or meals to its stated members, guests,
and patrons who will be attending the event at the private college sports stadium;

(D) Own or lease, control, operate, and use acreage amounting to at least two contiguous
acres of bounded or fenced real property, as determined by the commissioner, which would be
listed on the private college stadium's floorplan and could be used for contracted-for temporary
non-collegiate sporting events, group-type weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other
events;

(E) List the entire property from paragraph (D) of this subdivision and all adjoining buildings and structures on the private college sports stadium's floorplan which would comprise the licensed premises, which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or structure or outdoors while on the private college sports stadium's licensed premises and as noted on the private college sports stadium's floorplan;

488 (F) Have an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership interest
489 in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

490 (G) Meet and be subject to all other private club requirements; and

491 (H) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner.

(20) "Private professional sports stadium" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club licensee that is only open for professional sporting events when the events are affiliated with or sponsored by a professional sporting association, reserved weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other special events and does not maintain daily or regular operating hours as a bar or restaurant. The licensee may not sell alcoholic liquors when conducting or hosting non-professional sporting events, and further the applicant shall:

498 (A) Have at least 1,000 members;

(B) Maintain an open-air or enclosed stadium venue primarily used for sporting events,
such as football, baseball, soccer, auto racing, or other professional sports, and also weddings,
reunions, conferences, meetings, or other events where parties reserve the stadium venue in
advance of the event;

503 (C) Operate a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, as determined by the commissioner, 504 on the licensed premises which is capable of serving freshly prepared food or meals to serve its 505 stated members, guests, and patrons who will be attending the event at the private professional 506 sports stadium;

507 (D) Own or lease, control, operate, and use acreage amounting to at least three contiguous 508 acres of bounded or fenced real property, as determined by the commissioner, which would be 509 listed on the professional sports stadium's floorplan and could be used for contracted- for 510 professional sporting events, group-type weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other 511 events;

512 (E) List the entire property from paragraph (D) of this subdivision and all adjoining buildings 513 and structures on the private professional sports stadium's floorplan comprising the licensed 514 premises which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic 515 liquors throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or 516 structure or outdoors while on the private professional sports stadium's licensed premises;

517 (F) Have an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership interest
518 in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

519 (G) Meet and be subject to all other private club requirements; and

520 (H) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner.

(21) "Private farmers market" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private club
 licensee that operates as an association of bars, restaurants, retailers who sell West Virginia-

523 made products among other products, and other stores who open primarily during daytime hours 524 of 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., but may operate in the day or evenings for special events where the sale 525 of food and alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer may occur for 526 on-premises consumption, such as reserved weddings, reserved dinners, pairing events, tasting 527 events, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other special events and does not maintain daily or 528 regular operating hours as a bar or restaurant. All businesses that are members of the association 529 shall agree in writing to be liable and responsible for all sales, service, furnishing, tendering, and 530 consumption of alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, and hard 531 cider occurring on the entire licensed premises of the private farmer's market, including indoor and 532 outdoor bounded areas, and further the applicant shall:

533 (A) Have at least 100 members;

(B) Have one or more members operating a private club restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, four-burner ranges, a refrigerator or freezer or some combination of a refrigerator and freezer, and other kitchen utensils and apparatus as determined by the commissioner on the licensed premises and serve freshly prepared food at least 15 hours per week;

538 (C) Have one or more members operating who maintain, at any one time, fresh food 539 capable of being prepared for events conducted at the private farmers market in the private club 540 restaurant's full kitchen. In calculating the food inventory, the commissioner may not include 541 television dinners, bags of chips or similar products, microwavable meals, frozen meals, pre-542 packaged foods, or canned prepared foods;

543 (D) Have an association that owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses acreage 544 amounting to more than one acre, which is contiguous acreage of bounded or fenced real property 545 which would be listed on the licensee's floorplan and would be used for large contracted-for 546 reserved weddings, reserved dinners, pairing events, tasting events, reunions, conferences, 547 meetings, or other special events;

(E) Have an association that lists in the application for licensure the entire property and all adjoining buildings and structures on the private farmers market's floorplan which would comprise the licensed premises, which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or structure or outdoors while on the private farmers market's licensed premises and as noted on the private farmers market's floorplan;

(F) Have an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership or lease
interest in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

557 (G) Have at least two separate and unrelated vendors applying for the license and 558 certifying that all vendors in the association have agreed to the liability responsibility associated 559 with a private farmers market license;

560 (H) Only use its employees, independent contractors, or volunteers to purchase, sell, 561 furnish, or serve liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer;

562 (I) Provide adequate restroom facilities, whether permanent or portable, to serve the stated 563 members and guests who will be attending the private farmers market;

(J) Provide a copy of a written agreement between all the vendors of the association that is
executed by all vendors stating that each vendor is jointly and severally liable for any violations of
this chapter committed during the event;

567 (K) Provide a security plan indicating all vendor points of service, entrances, and exits in 568 order to verify members', patrons', and guests' ages, to verify whether a member, patron, or guest 569 is intoxicated, and to provide for the public health and safety of members, patrons, and guests;

570 (L) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner; and

571 (M) Meet and be subject to all other private club requirements.

572 (22) "Private wedding venue or barn" means an applicant for a private club or licensed

573 private club licensee that is only open for reserved weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, or 574 other events and does not maintain daily or regular operating hours, and which:

575 (A) Has at least 25 members;

576 (B) Maintains a venue, facility, barn, or pavilion primarily used for weddings, reunions, 577 conferences, meetings, or other events where parties reserve or contract for the venue, facility, 578 barn, or pavilion in advance of the event;

579 (C) Operates a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, as determined by the commissioner, 580 on the licensed premises that is capable of serving freshly prepared food, or engages a food 581 caterer to provide adequate freshly prepared food or meals to serve its stated members, guests, 582 and patrons who will be attending the event at the private wedding venue or barn. The applicant or 583 licensee shall provide written documentation including a list of food caterers or written agreements 584 regarding any food catering operations to the commissioner prior to approval of a food catering 585 event;

(D) Owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses space sufficient to safely operate the licensed premises. The applicant or licensee shall verify that, the property is not less than two acres and is remotely located, subject to the commissioner's approval. The bounded or fenced real property may be listed on the private wedding venue's floorplan and may be used for large events such as weddings, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other events;

(E) Lists the entire property from paragraph (D) of this subdivision and all adjoining
buildings and structures on the private wedding venue or barn's floorplan that would comprise the
licensed premises which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of
alcoholic liquors throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a
building or structure or outdoors while on the private wedding venue or barn's licensed premises;
(F) Has an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership interest
in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

598 (G) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements; and

599 (H) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner.

600 (23) "Private multi-sport complex" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private 601 club licensee that is open for multiple sports events to be played at the complex facilities, reserved 602 weddings, concerts, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other special events, and which:

603 (A) Has at least 100 members;

(B) Maintains an open-air multi-sport complex primarily for use for sporting events, such as
baseball, soccer, basketball, tennis, frisbee, or other sports, but may also conduct weddings,
concerts, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other events where parties reserve the parts of the
sports complex in advance of the sporting or other event;

608 (C) Operates a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens in the licensee's main facility, as 609 determined by the commissioner, on the licensed premises which is capable of serving freshly 610 prepared food, or meals to serve its stated members, guests, and patrons who will be attending 611 the event at the private multi-sport complex. A licensee may contract with temporary food vendors 612 or food trucks for food sales only, but not on a permanent basis, in areas of the multi-sport complex 613 not readily accessible by the main facility;

(D) Maintains, at any one time, fresh food capable of being prepared in the private multisport complex's full kitchen. In calculating the food inventory, the commissioner may not include
television dinners, bags of chips or similar products, microwavable meals, frozen meals,
prepackaged foods, or canned prepared foods;

618 (E) Owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses acreage amounting to at least 50 619 contiguous acres of bounded or fenced real property, as determined by the commissioner, which 620 would be listed on the private multi-sport complex's floorplan and could be used for contracted-for 621 sporting events, group-type weddings, concerts, reunions, conferences, meetings, or other 622 events;

623 (F) Lists the entire property from paragraph (E) of this subdivision and all adjoining 624 buildings and structures on the private multi-sport complex's floorplan which would comprise the 625 licensed premises, which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of 626 alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, and hard cider throughout the 627 licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or structure or outdoors 628 while on the private multi-sport complex's licensed premises and as noted on the private multi-629 sport complex's floorplan. The licensee may sell alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer or 630 nonintoxicating craft beer from a golf cart or food truck owned or leased by the licensee and also 631 operated by the licensee when the golf cart or food truck is located on the private multi-sport 632 complex's licensed premises;

(G) Has an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership interestin the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

635 (H) Meets and is subject to all other private club requirements; and

636 (I) Uses an age verification system approved by the commissioner.

(24) "Private coliseum or center" means an applicant for a private club or licensed private
club licensee that is open for various events including, but not limited to, musical concerts, bands,
sporting events, monster trucks, sports entertainment events, circuses, expos, hobby events,
tradeshows, health events, reserved weddings, reunions, retreats, conventions, conferences,
meetings, or other special events. The licensee may not sell alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer
or wine when conducting or hosting events focused on patrons who are less than 21 years of age,
and further the applicant shall:

644 (A) Have at least 5,000 members;

645 (B) Maintain an enclosed coliseum or center venue with at least 80,000 square feet of 646 event space primarily used for events as noted above, where parties reserve the coliseum or 647 center venue in advance of the event;

648 (C) Operate a restaurant and full kitchen with ovens, as determined by the commissioner,
649 on the licensed premises and be capable of serving freshly prepared food or meals to its stated
650 members, guests, and patrons who will be attending events at the private coliseum or center;

651 (D) Own or lease, control, operate, and use acreage amounting to at least two contiguous 652 acres of bounded or fenced real property, as determined by the commissioner, which would be 653 listed on the private coliseum or center's floorplan and could be used for contracted-for events, as 654 noted above, or a private fair and festival, as authorized by the commissioner per dual licensing 655 requirements as set forth in §60-7-2a of this code;

656 (E) List the entire property from paragraph (D) of this subdivision and all adjoining buildings 657 and structures on the private coliseum or center's floorplan comprising the licensed premises 658 which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic liquors 659 throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or 660 structure or outdoors while on private coliseum or center's licensed premises;

(F) Have an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership interest
 in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

663 (G) Meet and be subject to all other private club requirements; and

664 (H) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner.

665 (25) "Private food court" means an applicant who gualifies for a private club restaurant or 666 licensed private club restaurant licensee that operates in a facility within a licensed premises with 667 one licensed floorplan that includes an association of other inter-connected licensed private club 668 restaurants or unlicensed restaurants that operate legally without alcohol sales, where all 669 businesses that are licensed members of the association have agreed in writing to be liable and 670 responsible for all sales, service, furnishing, tendering, and consumption of alcoholic liquors and 671 nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer occurring on the entire licensed premises of the 672 private food court, and further the applicant shall:

673 (A) Have at least 100 members;

(B) Have at least one member of its association who qualifies for a private club restaurant
containing a full kitchen with ovens, four-burner ranges, a refrigerator or freezer or some
combination of a refrigerator and freezer, and other kitchen utensils and apparatus as determined
by the commissioner on the licensed premises and be capable of serving freshly prepared food at
least 15 hours per week in the private food court;

(C) Have at least one member of its association who qualifies for a private club restaurant who maintains, at any one time, fresh food capable of being prepared in the private club restaurant's full kitchen, and in calculating the food inventory the commissioner may not include television dinners, bags of chips or similar products, microwavable meals, frozen meals, prepackaged foods, or canned prepared foods;

684 (D) Have an association that owns or leases, controls, operates, and uses a facility that 685 meets requirements of this article, and the entire facility is listed on the licensee's floorplan as its 686 licensed premises;

(E) Have an association that lists in the application for licensure the entire facility and any inter-connected and adjoining structures on the private food court's floorplan which would compromise the licensed premises, and which would be authorized for the lawful sales, service, and consumption of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer throughout the licensed premises whether these activities were conducted in a building or structure while on the private food court's licensed premises and as noted on the private food court's licensed floorplan;

(F) Have an identified person, persons, or entity that has right, title, and ownership or lease
 interest in the real property buildings and structures located on the proposed licensed premises;

(G) Have at least one separate and unrelated business applying for the license andcertifying that all licensed businesses in the association have agreed to the liability responsibility

698 associated with a private food court license;

(H) Only use its employees, independent contractors, or volunteers to purchase, sell,
furnish, or serve liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer;

(I) Provide adequate restroom facilities, whether permanent or portable, to serve the stated
 members and guests who will be attending the private food court;

(J) Provide a copy of a written agreement between all the vendors of the association that is
executed by all businesses stating that each licensed vendor is jointly and severally liable for any
violations of this chapter committed on the licensed premises;

(K) Provide a security plan indicating all businesses who will be selling and serving
alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer, list non-licensees who will
be selling and serving food, list all entrances, and list all exits, provide a plan to verify the ages of
members, patrons, and guests, a plan to verify whether a member, patron, or guest is intoxicated,
and a plan to provide for the public health and safety of members, patrons, and guests;

711 (L) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner; and

712 (M) Meet and be subject to all other private club requirements.

The Department of Natural Resources, the authority governing any county or municipal park, or any county commission, municipality, other governmental entity, public corporation, or public authority operating any park or airport may lease, as lessor, a building or portion thereof or other limited premises in any park or airport to any corporation or unincorporated association for the establishment of a private club pursuant to this article.

§60-7-2a.Duallicensingpermitted;conditions.1(a) A private coliseum or center may permit a private fair and festival licensee to conduct2the temporary special event, authorized by that license, within, or on the private coliseum or center3licensee's licensed premises in order to create tourism opportunities that will promote brewers,

resident brewers, wineries, farm wineries, distilleries, mini-distilleries, and micro-distilleries in this
state.

5 (b) A private coliseum or center licensee may host a special event for a private fair and 6 festival licensee on the licensee's licensed premises if both licensees are in good standing with the 7 commissioner and submit to the commissioner the temporary floorplan revisions of the private 8 coliseum or center in which the special event would be held to comprise the special event's lawful 9 premises, which shall only include spaces in buildings or rooms of the private coliseum or center's 10 licensed premises. By contractual agreement between the private coliseum or center licensee and 11 the private fair and festival licensee, the parties shall agree that the private coliseum or center 12 maintains control of its licensed premises, but for a set contracted rental time period. The private 13 fair and festival licensee shall safely account for the ingress and egress of the stated members and 14 guests who will be attending the special event at the licensed premises. During the contracted 15 rental time period, the private fair and festival licensee is wholly responsible and liable for the 16 proper sale and serving of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer in the area designated as the 17 private fair and festival's temporary floorplan, as set forth in this section. The private fair and 18 festival's temporary floorplan shall comprise the private fair and festival's licensed premises for the 19 temporary special event, which is authorized for the lawful sale, service, and consumption of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer throughout the private fair and festival's licensed 20 21 premises during this dually licensed temporary special event: Provided. That the private fair and 22 festival's licensed premises dually shared and licensed with the private coliseum or center shall:

23

Have facilities to prepare and serve food and alcohol;

(2) Have adequate restrooms and sufficient building facilities for the expected number of
 members and guests attending the event;

26 (3) Comply with all other requirements of its license in this article; and

27 (4) Comply with health, fire, safety, and zoning requirements.

(c) There is no limit on the number of private fair and festivals that may be held at a privatecoliseum or center.

§60-7-6. Annual license fee; partial fee; and reactivation fee.

- (a) The annual license fee for a license issued under the provisions of this article to a
 fraternal or veterans' organization or a nonprofit social club is \$750.
- 3 (b) The annual license fee for a license issued under the provisions of this article to a 4 private club other than a private club of the type specified in subsection (a) of this section is \$1,000 5 if the private club bar or restaurant has fewer than 1,000 members; \$1,000 for a private club 6 restaurant, private hotel, or private resort hotel to be licensed as a private caterer as defined in 7 §60-7-2 of this code; \$500 if the private club is a private bakery; \$1,500 if the private club is a 8 private wedding venue or barn or a private cigar shop; \$2,000 if the private club is a private nine-9 hole golf course, private farmers market, private food truck, private college sports stadium, private 10 professional sports stadium, private multi-sport complex, private manufacturer club, or a private 11 tennis club as defined in §60-7-2 of this code: \$2,500 if the private club bar or private club 12 restaurant has 1,000 or more members; and \$2,000 if the private club is a private hotel with three 13 or fewer designated areas, a private golf club as defined in §60-7-2 of this code, a private coliseum 14 or center as defined in §60-7-2 of this code, or a private food court as defined in §60-7-2 of this 15 code. If the private club is a private resort hotel as defined in §60-7-2 of this code, the private resort 16 hotel may designate areas within the licensed premises for the lawful sale, service, and 17 consumption of alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer and nonintoxicating craft beer as provided 18 for by this article. The annual license fee for a private resort hotel with five or fewer designated 19 areas is \$7,500 and the annual license fee for a private resort hotel with at least six, but no more 20 than 10 designated areas is \$12,500. The annual license fee for a private resort hotel with at least 21 11, but no more than 15 designated areas is \$17,500. The annual license fee for a private resort 22 hotel with no fewer than 15 nor more than 20 designated areas is \$22,500. A private resort hotel

that obtained the license and paid the \$22,500 annual license fee may, upon application to and
approval of the commissioner, designate additional areas for a period not to exceed seven days for
an additional fee of \$150 per day, per designated area.

26 (c) The fee for any license issued following January 1 of any year that expires on June 30 of 27 that year is one half of the annual license fee prescribed by subsections (a) and (b) of this section. 28 (d) A licensee that fails to complete a renewal application and make payment of its annual 29 license fee in renewing its license on or before June 30 of any subsequent year, after initial 30 application, shall be charged an additional \$150 reactivation fee. The fee payment may not be 31 prorated or refunded, and the reactivation fee shall be paid prior to the processing of any renewal 32 application and payment of the applicable full year annual license fee. A licensee who continues to 33 operate upon the expiration of its license is subject to all fines, penalties, and sanctions available in §60-7-13 and §60-7-13a of this code, all as determined by the commissioner. 34

35 (e) The commissioner shall pay the fees to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General
36 Revenue Fund of the state.

(f) The Legislature finds that the hospitality industry has been particularly damaged by the
COVID-19 pandemic and that some assistance is warranted to promote reopening and continued
operation of private clubs and restaurants licensed under this article. Accordingly, the fees set
forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section are temporarily modified as follows;

(1) License fees for the license period beginning July 1, 2021, shall be reduced to one third
of the rate set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section;

43 (2) License fees for the license period beginning July 1, 2022, shall be two thirds of the rate
44 set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section; and

45 (3) License fees for the license period beginning July 1, 2023, and beyond, shall be as set
46 forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

§60-7-8a. Special license for a private fair and festival; licensee fee and application; license

fee;licensesubjecttoprovisionsofarticle;exception.1(a) There is hereby created a special license designated Class S2 private fair and festival2license for the retail sale of alcoholic liquors and nonintoxicating beer, and nonintoxicating craft3beer for on-premises consumption.

4 (b) To be eligible for the license authorized by subsection (a) of this section, the private fair
5 and festival or other event shall:

6 (1) Be sponsored, endorsed, or approved by the governing body or its designee of the
7 county or municipality in which the private fair and festival or other event is located;

8 (2) Make application with the commissioner at least 15 days prior to the private fair, festival,
9 or other event;

10 (3) Pay a nonrefundable non-prorated license fee of \$500; and

11 (4) Be approved by the commissioner to operate the private fair, festival, or other event.

(c) A private fair and festival license under this section shall be for a duration of no more than 10consecutive days.

(d) Nonintoxicating beer and nonintoxicating craft beer sold, furnished, tendered, or served 14 15 for on-premises consumption by the private fair and festival pursuant to the license created by this 16 section shall be purchased from licensed distributors that service the area in which the private fair 17 and festival is held or from a resident brewer acting in a limited capacity as a distributor, all in 18 accordance with §11-16-1 et seq. of this code. Sealed containers of nonintoxicating beer or 19 nonintoxicating craft beer may be sold for off-premises consumption if the nonintoxicating beer 20 and nonintoxicating craft beer is being sold by an authorized brewer or resident brewer, as set 21 forth in §11-16-6a(d) of this code, who manufactures the nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating 22 craft beer in this state. The off-premises consumption sales shall be made pursuant to a written 23 agreement between the private fair and festival and an authorized brewer or resident brewer. Prior

24 to the start of the private fair or festival, an authorized brewer or resident brewer who agrees to 25 offer off-premises consumption sales of their nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer 26 from a booth or other facility on the private fair and festival's licensed premises must meet the 27 requirements of §11-16-6a(d) of this code. The written agreement with each authorized brewer or 28 resident brewer shall account for lawful sales of nonintoxicating beer and nonintoxicating craft 29 beer sold for off-premises consumption as set forth in §11-16-1 et seq. of this code. The authorized 30 and approved brewer, resident brewer, or its licensed representatives may give or sell approved 31 promotional items to private fair and festival members and guests, but not to the private fair and 32 festival's volunteers, independent contractors, or employees.

33 (e) Wine or hard cider sold, furnished, tendered, or served for on-premises consumption by 34 the private fair and festival pursuant to the license created by this section shall be purchased from 35 a licensed wine or hard cider distributoror farm winery in accordance with §60-8-1 et seq. of this 36 code and §60-8A-1 et seq. of this code, as applicable. Sealed containers of wine or hard cider may 37 be sold for off-premises consumption if the wine or hard cider is is being sold by an authorized 38 winery or farm winery, as set forth in §60-4-3b(m) and §60-8A-5(c) of this code, who manufactures that wine or hard cider in this state. The off-premises consumption sales shall be made pursuant to 39 40 a written agreement between the private fair and festival and an authorized winery or farm winery. 41 An authorized winery or farm winery who agrees to offer their wine or hard cider for off-premises 42 consumption sales from a booth or other facility on the private fair and festival's licensed premises 43 prior to the start of the private fair or festival shall meet the requirements of §60-4-3b(m) and §60-44 8A-5(c) of this code, as applicable. The written agreement with each authorized winery or farm 45 winery shall account for lawful sales of wine or hard cider sold for off-premises consumption as set 46 forth in §60-8-1 et seq. of this code and §60-8A-1 et seq. of this code, as applicable. The 47 authorized and approved winery, farm winery or its licensed representatives may give or sell

48 approved promotional items to private fair and festival members and guests, but not to the private
49 fair and festival's volunteers, independent contractors, or employees.

50 (f) Liquor sold, furnished, tendered, or served for on-premises consumption by the private 51 fair and festival pursuant to the license created by this section shall be purchased from a licensed 52 retail liquor outlet in the market zone or contiguous market zone where the private fair or festival is 53 occurring, all in accordance with §60-3A-1 et seq. of this code. Sealed containers of liquor may be 54 sold for off-premises consumption if the liquor is being sold by an authorized distillery, mini-55 distillery, or micro-distillery, as set forth in §60-4-3a of this code, who manufactures their liquor in 56 this state. Off-premises consumption sales shall comply with §60-3A-17 of this code and §60-4-57 3a(c) of this code shall not apply to these sales. The off-premises consumption sales shall be made pursuant to a written agreement between the private fair and festival and an authorized 58 59 distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery. An authorized licensed distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-60 distillery who agrees to offer off-premises consumption sales of their manufactured liquor from a 61 booth or other facility on the private fair and festival's licensed premises prior to the start of the 62 private fair, festival, or other event must meet the requirements as set forth in §60-4-3a of this 63 code. The written agreement with each authorized distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery shall 64 account for lawful sales of liquor sold for off-premises consumption as set forth in §60-3A-1 of this 65 code. An authorized and approved distillery, mini-distillery, micro-distillery or its licensed 66 representatives may give or sell approved promotional items to private fair and festival members 67 and guests, but not to the private fair and festival's volunteers, independent contractors, or 68 employees.

(g) A licensee authorized by this section may use bona fide employees, volunteers or in
limited circumstances licensed representatives to sell, furnish, tender, or serve the nonintoxicating
beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, liquor, or hard cider.

72 (h) Licensed representatives of an authorized and approved brewer, resident brewer, beer 73 distributor, wine distributor, wine supplier, winery, farm winery, distillery, mini-distillery, micro-74 distillery, and liquor broker representatives may attend a private fair and festival and discuss their 75 respective products but shall not engage in the selling, furnishing, tendering, or serving of any 76 nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, hard cider, or liquor. However, licensed 77 representatives of a brewer, resident brewer, winery, farm winery, distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-78 distillery that has agreed in writing to conduct sampling and off-premises consumption sales of 79 their respective licensee's products at the private fair and festival, may discuss their respective 80 products and engage in the limited giving of complimentary samples in accordance with §11-16-6a 81 (c) and (d), §60-4-3a (a) and (b), and §60-4-3b (b) and (m) of this code; and the selling of sealed 82 bottles or cans of their respective nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, hard cider, 83 or liquor products for off-premises consumption. All taxes and fees must be paid on lawful sales.

84 (i) A license issued under this section and the licensee are subject to all other provisions of this article and the rules and orders of the commissioner: *Provided*, That the commissioner may by 85 86 rule or order allow certain waivers or exceptions with respect to those provisions, rules, or orders 87 as the circumstances of each private fair and festival require, including without limitation, the right 88 to revoke or suspend immediately any license issued under this section prior to any notice or 89 hearing, notwithstanding §60-7-13a of this code: Provided, however, That under no circumstances 90 may the provisions of §60-7-12 of this code be waived or an exception granted with respect 91 thereto.

92 (j) Dual licensing is permitted for private fairs and festivals pursuant to §60-7-2a of this93 code.

94 (k) A private fair and festival licensee who executes a written agreement with a licensed
95 brewer, resident brewer, winery, farm winery, distillery, mini-distillery, micro-distillery, or their
96 licensed representatives is jointly liable and responsible for any violations of this article.

97 (I) A private fair and festival licensee who executes a written agreement with a licensed 98 brewer, resident brewer, winery, farm winery, distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery to conduct 99 limited off-premises consumption sales shall not have any pecuniary interest, share, or 100 percentage in any sales of sealed nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, hard 101 cider, or liquor.

(m) A private fair and festival licensee who executes a written agreement with a licensed
 brewer, resident brewer, winery, farm winery, distillery, mini-distillery, or micro-distillery to conduct
 limited off-premises consumption sales may charge them a flat booth rental fee.

(n) A private fair and festival licensee, licensed brewer, resident brewer, winery, farm
winery, distillery, mini-distillery, micro-distillery, or their licensed representatives who permits
members or guests to consume, on the private fair and festival's licensed premises, any
nonintoxicating beer, nonintoxicating craft beer, wine, hard cider, or liquor, that was purchased as
an off-premises consumption sale, shall have their respective license immediately suspended,
and that conduct is grounds for revocation of their license.

§60-7-8g. Special permit for a qualified permit holders in a private outdoor designated area; license fee and application; license subject to provisions of article.

1 (a) There is hereby created a special permit designated Class S4 for a qualified permit 2 holder operating in a private outdoor designated area approved by a municipality as set forth in §8-3 12-26 of this code for the consumption of liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer, and nonintoxicating 4 craft beer for on-premises consumption at a certain public property designated as a private 5 outdoor designated area where multiple private club license type licensees who apply and obtain a 6 qualified permit holder permit shall share liability and responsibility. Each qualified permit holder 7 may sell, furnish, or serve liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer, and nonintoxicating craft beer as 8 provided in this section.

9 (b) Definitions:

(1) "Private outdoor designated area" means public property that has become a legally
 demarcated area established by a municipal ordinance as set forth in §8-12-26 of this code for the
 consumption of liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer, and nonintoxicating craft beer.

(2) "Qualified permit holder" means the holder of a Class A license issued under §60-7-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(c) To be eligible for the license authorized by subsection (a) of this section, the qualifiedpermit holder shall:

(1) Operate in a private outdoor designated area created by municipal ordinance as set
forth in §8-12-26 of this code, and provide the commissioner a copy of the certified ordinance from
the municipality;

20 (2) Apply to the commissioner for the special permit prior to operating in an approved
21 private outdoor designated area on an application provided by the commissioner;

22 (3) Pay a nonrefundable non-prorated annual license fee of \$100 to the commissioner;

23 (4) Be in compliance with all state and federal laws and be in good standing with the24 commissioner;

25 (5) Be approved by the municipality to operate in the private outdoor designated area;

26 (6) Provide the days and hours of operation in the private designated area which cannot
27 exceed the stated private club hours of operation;

(7) Provide, in conjunction with the municipality, adequate restroom facilities, whether
 permanent or portable, to serve the members and guests who will be attending the private outdoor
 designated area;

(8) Provide an executed agreement between all qualified permit holders stating that each
qualified permit holder is jointly and severally liable for any improper acts or conduct committed in
the operation of the private outdoor designated area in conjunction with operation of their Class A
license;

(9) Provide a security plan for the private outdoor designated area indicating: All qualified
permit holders' licensed premises where alcohol will be served in approved non-glass containers;
all entrances and exits in order to verify members', patrons', and guests' ages, and to assess
whether a member, patron, or guest is under 21 years of age or intoxicated; and a plan to provide
for the public health and safety of members, patrons, and guests;

40 (10) Provide a floorplan for the private outdoor designated area indicating a legally 41 demarcated area that is bounded or utilizes signage to safely account for the ingress and egress of 42 members, patrons, and quests who will be within the private outdoor designated area and also be 43 permitted to carry liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer, and nonintoxicating craft beer on and off of 44 the qualified permit holders' licensed premises and within the private outdoor designated area 45 when contained in an approved non-glass container. The private outdoor designated area's 46 floorplan does comprise a separate licensed premises authorized only for the lawful consumption 47 of liquor, wine, nonintoxicating beer, or nonintoxicating craft beer throughout the licensed 48 premises when lawfully purchased from a qualified permit holder;

49 (11) Meet and be subject to all other private club license type requirements;

(12) Provide a plan to prevent members, guests, and patrons from bringing, consuming, or
selling alcohol not in an approved non-glasscontainer in the private outdoor designated area; and
(13) Use an age verification system approved by the commissioner.

(c) As set forth in §8-12-26 of this code a municipality may, by ordinance, establish a
private outdoor designated area where the municipality may zone, set requirements and establish
conditions for safe operation of private outdoor designated area by qualified permit holders.

(d) A municipality shall be responsible for the enforcement of any criminal violations
occurring in a private outdoor designated area and shall report such violations to commissioner for
a determination of any violation of §11-16-1 *et seq*. and chapter 60 of this code.

59 (e) The commissioner shall enforce any violations of §11-16-1 *et seq*. and chapter 60 of

60 this code committed by qualified permit holders against their permit and their Class A license.

61 (f) A qualified permit holder that is separately authorized for an outdoor dining area or
62 sidewalk dining area may continue to operate those areas in conjunction with the private outdoor
63 designated area subject to the commissioner's requirements.

64 (g) A licensee permitted under this section is subject to all other provisions of this article 65 and the rules and orders of the commissioner: Provided, That the commissioner may, by rule or order, allow certain waivers or exceptions with respect to those provisions, rules, or orders as 66 67 required by the circumstances of for the operation of qualified permit holders in each private 68 outdoor designated area. The commissioner may revoke or suspend immediately any permit 69 issued under this section prior to any notice or hearing, notwithstanding §60-7-13a of this code: 70 Provided, however, That under no circumstances may the provisions of §60-7-12 of this code be 71 waived or an exception granted with respect thereto.

ARTICLE 8. SALE OF WINES.

§60-8-6g. Special privilege of Class A private wine restaurant licensee to operate separate, but connected, Class B wine specialty shop license.

A Class A private wine restaurant licensee may, in the commissioner's discretion, operate Class B wine specialty shop license for the off-premises sale of nonintoxicating beer and wine in a connected but separately operated area of the Class A private wine restaurant is licensed premises: *Provided*, That each business is licensed separately and operates separate cash registers and maintains separation barriers between the different licensed operations. A licensee who fails to license two inner-connected businesses subjects the licensee to the penalties under this article.

ARTICLE 8A. MANUFACTURE AND SALE OF HARD CIDER.

§60-8A-5. Winery or farm winery licensee's authority to manufacture, sell, and provide complimentary samples; growler sales; advertisements; taxes; fees; rulemaking.

1 (a) Sales of hard cider. — A licensed winery or farm winery with its principal place of business or manufacturing facility located in the State of West Virginia may offer hard cider 2 3 manufactured by the licensed winery or farm winery for retail sale to customers from the winery's 4 or farm winery's licensed premises for consumption off of the licensed premises only in approved 5 and registered hard cider kegs, bottles, or cans, or also sealed wine growlers for personal 6 consumption and not for resale. A licensed winery or farm winery may not sell, give, or furnish hard 7 cider for consumption on the premises of the principal place of business or manufacturing facility 8 located in the State of West Virginia, except for the limited purpose of complimentary samples as 9 permitted in subsection (b) of this section. "Wine Growler" has the meaning set forth in §60-8-6c(g) 10 of this code.

11 (b) Complimentary samples. — A licensed winery or farm winery with its principal place of 12 business or manufacturing facility located in the State of West Virginia may offer complimentary 13 samples of hard cider manufactured at the winery's or farm winery's principal place of business or 14 manufacturing facility located in the State of West Virginia. The complimentary samples may be no 15 greater than two fluid ounces per sample per patron, and a sampling shall not exceed six 16 complimentary two-fluid ounce samples per patron per day. A licensed winery or farm winery 17 providing complimentary samples shall provide complimentary food items to the patron 18 consuming the complimentary samples; and prior to any sampling, verify, using proper 19 identification, that the patron sampling is 21 years of age or older and that the patron is not 20 noticeably or visibly intoxicated.

(c) *Retail sales.* — Every licensed winery or farm winery under this section shall comply with all the provisions applicable to wine retailers when conducting sales of hard cider and is subject to all applicable requirements and penalties. In the interest of promoting tourism throughout the state, every licensed winery or farm winery manufacturing cider in this state is authorized, with a limited off-site retail privilege at private fair and festivals, for off-premises consumption sales of only the winery or farm winery's sealed hard cider. At least five days prior to

27 an approved private fair and festival, an authorized winery or farm winery shall provide a copy of a 28 written agreement to sell only hard cider manufactured by the licensed winery or farm winery at the 29 private fair and festival's licensed premises. If approved, an authorized winery or farm winery may 30 conduct off-premises consumption sales of their hard cider from a designated booth at the private 31 fair and festival as set forth in §60-7-8a of this code. All authorized and approved wineries and 32 farm wineries' off-premises consumption sales of hard cider shall comply with all retail requirements in §60-8-1 et seq. of this code and §60-8A-1 et seq. of this code, and specifically with 33 34 respect to all markups, taxes, and fees.

(d) *Payment of taxes and fees.* — A licensed winery or farm winery under this section shall
 pay all taxes and fees required of licensed wine retailers, in addition to any other taxes and fees
 required, and meet applicable licensing provisions as required by law and by rule of the
 commissioner.

(e) *Advertising*. — A licensed winery or farm winery may advertise a particular brand or
brands of hard cider produced by the licensed winery or farm winery and the price of the hard cider
subject to state and federal requirements or restrictions. The advertisement may not encourage
intemperance or target minors.

43 (f) *Growler requirements*. — A licensed winery or farm winery, if offering wine growler filling
44 services, shall meet the filling, labeling, sanitation, and all other wine growler requirements in §6045 8-6c of this code.

(g) *Fee.* — There is no additional fee for a licensed winery or farm winery authorized under
§60-8-6c of this code, to sell wine growlers, if a winery or farm winery only desires to sell hard cider
in the wine growler, and no other wine, then the annual non-prorated and nonrefundable license
fee is \$50.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 8. CRIMES AGAINST CHASTITY, MORALITY AND DECENCY.

§61-8-27. Unlawful admission of children to dance house, etc.; penalty.

1 Any proprietor or any person in charge of a dance house, concert saloon, theater, 2 museum, or similar place of amusement, or other place, where wines or spirituous or malt liquors 3 are sold or given away, or any place of entertainment injurious to health or morals who admits or 4 permits to remain therein any minor under the age of 18 years, unless accompanied by his or her 5 parent or guardian, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a 6 fine not exceeding \$200: Provided, That there is exemption from this prohibition for: (a) A private 7 bakery, private cigar shop, private caterer, private club restaurant, private manufacturer club, 8 private fair and festival, private resort hotel, private hotel, private golf club, private food truck, 9 private nine-hole golf course, private tennis club, private wedding venue or barn, private outdoor 10 dining and private outdoor street dining, private multi-vendor fair and festival license, private 11 farmers market, private college sports stadium or coliseum, private professional sports stadium, 12 and a private multi-sports complex licensed pursuant to §60-7-1 et seq. of this code and in 13 compliance with, §60-7-2(6)(iv), §60-7-2(7)(D), §60-7-2(8)(I), §60-7-2(10)(L), §60-7-2(11)(D), 14 §60-7-2(12)(H), §60-7-2(13)(6), §60-7-2(14)(H), 60-7-2(15)(H), §60-7-2(16)(G), §60-7-2(17)(G), §60-7-2(18)(H), §60-7-2(19)(H), §60-7-2(20)(H), §60-7-2(21)(L), §60-7-2(22)(H), §60-7-2(23)(H), 15 16 §60-7-2(24)(H), §60-7-2(25)(H), §60-7-8c(b)(14), §60-7-8d, §60-7-8g(c)(15), and §60-8-32a of 17 this code; or (b) a private club with more than 1,000 members that is in good standing with the 18 Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner, that has been approved by the Alcohol Beverage 19 Control Commissioner; and which has designated certain seating areas on its licensed premises 20 as nonalcoholic liquor and nonintoxicating beer areas, as noted in the licensee's floorplan, by 21 using a mandatory carding or identification program by which all members or guests being served 22 or sold alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer or nonintoxicating craft beer are asked and required 23 to provide their proper identification to verify their identity and further that they are of legal drinking 24 age, 21 years of age or older, prior to each sale or service of alcoholic liquors, nonintoxicating beer

25 or nonintoxicating craft beer.